BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 6, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII---NUMBER 59.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

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4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier, at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

EM. H. WHEELER. JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

S. R. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has early expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

O. A. & A. BLANCHARD, Jr.,

SHIP BROKERS,

No. 105 State Street,

BOSTON.

Charters Effected for Vessels of any Class.

All Business Pertaining to Navigation,

ENTRUSTED TO OUR CARE,

WILL BE PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

July 8—3m aug 11

EBEN STEVENS,

MANUFACTURING

JEWELER & ENGRAVER,

No. 36 Hammond Street,

Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.

N. B. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. june 14—tf

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING OIL,

Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, Whale, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, also,

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE

Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.

NO. 43 INDIA STREET,

J. A. S. LOTHROP, H. BEARSE, H. HUNT, } BOSTON.

J. W. Handy, Travelling Agt.

N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor. june 25—3taw

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block

(Up two flights of Stairs.)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. dawtf

C. A. BAILEY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

OLDTOWN, MAINE.

june 29—d1m w3m*

HORTON & PATTEN

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings

MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC

TUNING DONE TO ORDER.

No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

L. R. HORTON, J. S. PATTEN, } apr 10 BANGOR, ME.

WHITE & FOSTER,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES,

CHANDLERY,

PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,

NOS. 21 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET,

Bangor, Me.

H. WHITE. apr7 JOHN FOSTER.

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &c.

Nos. 90 Exchange St Opposite Pen. Exchange

ROBERT TREAT, JOHN STRANGE.

nov7 dt

S. P. BROWN & SON,

Commission Merchants,

465 NINTH STREET,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Particular attention paid to the sale of

ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL,

Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c., &c.

Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freights obtained for Vessels with Despatch.

All Claims against the Government promptly collected.

S. P. BROWN, Late Navy Agent. A. P. BROWN. june 4—6md

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, - - Savannah, Ga.

aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 200 Commercial Street,

P. W. PITCHER, M. M. FULLER, J. H. PITCHER, } jan16 BOSTON.

CROCKERY WARE

At Wholesale.

OUR SPRING IMPORTATIONS have arrived, and we now offer to the TRADE a large stock of White Granite & Common Ware

AT REDUCED PRICES,

Also, a large assortment of

Glass Ware, Kerosene Goods,

Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Cutlery and Fancy Ware,

SELLING LOW AT NO. 1 MAIN STREET,

RICKER & IRELAND.

April 14—tf

Pensions!---Bounty!

(NEW LAW!)

Important to all Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED, BY LAW, TO OBTAIN an *INCREASE* of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For *every* Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army, or who is disabled by wounds or sickness *equal* to the loss of a *hand* or *foot.*

Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* for other classes, and for dependent *fathers* and brothers.—Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due.

☞ Apply early, either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,

June 18th, 1866.—d&wtf *BANGOR.*

MORE PENSIONS

AND

BOUNTIES!!

AN ACT HAS JUST PASSED GIVING $2.00 additional Pension for every child under 16 of widows of soldiers and their orphans.

ALSO,

An Act Giving $15.00

For loss of a hand or foot, or of use of same; $20.00 for both feet or one hand and one foot; $25.00 both hands or both eyes, and providing for

DEPENDENT FATHERS AND BROTHERS.

The Act for Equalization of Bounties

HAS PASSED.

I am duly authorized under U. S. Law to procure these Pensions and Bounties to all who may be entitled.

Applications may be made to me in person or by mail. Discharges must be sent in.

JAS. S. WILEY,

AGENT.

☞ Office over Sawyer's store.

Dover, July 31. aug 2—d&w

PENSIONS!

AND BOUNTY!

Soldiers, and all others Interested,

BE NOT DECEIVED!

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AGENTS of the United States Government to obtain the Increased Pension and Additional Bounty, in all cases under the NEW LAWS, at legal rates. *No extra charges.*

Soldiers who have lost a hand or a foot, or who have received any other disability equal to the loss of a hand or a foot, are now entitled to a pension of

$15.00 PER MONTH!

Special attention given to obtaining Pensions for dependent Fathers and Mothers. In these cases generally regarded so difficult to Claim Agents, we never fail to obtain a certificate where there is a just claim.

☞ All letters of inquiry promptly answered.

☞ Apply early either by letter or in person, at the *New War Claim Agency* of

Perkins & Smith,

(LATE WITH C. P. BROWN,)

No. 2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge,

june 28 *BANGOR.*

Special Notice

To Soldiers and Seamen!!

The Law Has Passed!

Bounties Equalized.

Justice Done the Early Soldiers and Seamen of the War, their Widows and Heirs.

NOTICE has been sent me from Washington, that the Law equalizing the bounty to Soldiers and Seamen was passed Saturday last, July 28th, by Congress.

I am now authorized and prepared to collect this Bounty for every Soldier and Seaman entitled, also for their Widows and Heirs.

☞ Application made personally at my office, or by mail,—the discharge of the Soldier or Seaman should be handed in—as it must be forwarded with the application.

☞ All applications must be made signed, witnessed and sworn to, AFTER THE PASSAGE OF THIS LAW. Many soldiers have been induced to sign papers before the law passed. This practice is irregular, fraudulent and void, and papers in all such cases must be made over.

☞ Soldiers and Seamen

Call early and get full particulars at the Old War Claim Agency of

C. P. BROWN,

July 30 *BANGOR.*

NEW

BOUNTY LAW!

SOLDIERS who have served THREE YEARS, or their widows or heirs, are entitled to

$100 Additional Bounty.

And Soldiers who have served TWO YEARS, or their widows or heirs, are entitled to an additional Bounty of $50. Increased Invalid Pensions of $13, $20, and $25 per month, according to the degree of disability.

Increased Pensions,

FOR WIDOWS.

☞ All Widows drawing Pensions are now entitled to an increase of two dollars per month for each child under sixteen years of age.

Three Months Pay Proper!

Officers who were in the service, March 3, 1865 and were honorably discharged after April 9, 1865 are entitled to 3 months pay proper.

All persons having claims under the above laws, should make application at once, in person or by letter, at the old and reliable War Claim Agency of

Perkins & Stevens,

NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

BANGOR, MAINE.

N. B—They refer to the thousands of claimants, whose claims they have prosecuted in a speedy and satisfactory manner. aug 2

Additional Bounties

—FOR—

Soldiers and Seamen

OR THEIR HEIRS!

UNDER the Act passed July 1866, for the Equalization of Bounties, I am authorized to prepare the papers necessary to recover the above Bounty for all who are entitled to it.

All claims against the United States collected promptly.

Apply either in person or by mail to

Seth E. Benson,

79 *EXCHANGE ST.*

July 31—tf (Times corr) Bangor.

Excelsior Window Polish!

The Most Wonderful Thing of the Age!

IT gives an instantaneous polish to the glass, removing paint, putty, grease, &c. It makes your Silver, Britannia, Tin, Brass and Knives, look as good as new, with little labor and no water or dirt! It removes ink stains and pencil marks from wood and paint work, and is unsurpassed for cleaning paint. Manufactured by

J. G. WOOLCOCK, New Bedford, Mass.

For sale in Bangor wholesale and retail by E. F. BRADBURY, No 3 Smith's Block, and J. F. PATTEN & CO., No. 1 Granite Block.

August 29th.—d&w6m.

SOLDIERS!!

NEW LAW!

Equalization Bounty Act Passed!

MACE & LAUGHTON,

Room No. 4 Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

BANGOR, ME.,

Authorized by Government to Prosecute all such Claims.

BRING your Discharges to us at once, or send them by mail, and the necessary papers with instructions to enable you to secure this Bounty, will be immediately forwarded.

MR. MACE would inform those who have left their discharges and papers with him, that their claims will now be adjusted by the above firm.

july31

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE BEST PLACE TO OBTAIN THE

$100 Equalization Bounty

—FOR—

Soldiers, their Widows, Heirs,

IS AT THE OFFICE OF

A. L. SIMPSON, Esq.,

Legally Authorized U. S. Claim Agent.

Bangor, Maine.

☞ Bring in or send your discharges to him at once, before going elsewhere.

August 17—1w—23taw tf

The New Bounty Law.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

SOLDIERS AND THEIR HEIRS can get the New Bounty, given by an Act of Congress of July 28, 1866, by calling on the subscriber, a United States Special Agent, cheaper than at any other office in the State.

Daniel Sanborn,

aug1—tf *U. S. AGENT.*

The New Bounty Collected

BY

NICKERSON & PAINE,

U. S. Claim Agents,

—*OFFICE*—

NO. 10 WHEELWRIGHT & CLARK'S BLOCK.

M. P. Nickerson, J. O. W. Paine.

July 31, 1866.

MACE & LAUGHTON,

Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,

AND

CLAIM AGENTS.

OFFICE,

No. 4 Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

B. H. MACE. F. M. LAUGHTON.

july 28

More Bounties and Pensions

THE undersigned are authorized by Government to collect all claims due to

Soldiers,

AND THE REPRESENTATIVES OF

DECEASED SOLDIERS.

These entitled under the new acts

Equalizing Bounties & Increasing Pensions,

should file their applications at once.

In some cases the papers can be made up and forwarded with instructions to claimants through the mail; but when convenient personal application should be made at our office,

NO. 3 HAMMOND STREET,

BANGOR, ME.

RUEL SMITH, Attorney at Law, Late Sanitary Commis'n Claim Agent. W. H. S. LAWRENCE, Late Chief Clerk Provost Marshal's Office, 4th District of Maine.

Bangor, August 6th, 1866.

Fire Engine for Sale.

A SECOND HAND "HUNNEMAN" TUB, seven inch cylinder, in perfect order, built expressly for an independent Company, and in all respects a splendid machine. Will be sold low, if applied for soon. For further particulars, and price, apply to

GEO. J. WALL,

june 29 at steamer Katahdin.

Choice & Rare Perfumery!

GENUINE RUBINS, and various other kinds of rare PERFUMES, at the

BOTANIC DRUG STORE,

may 29 No. 1 Granite Block.

Select Herbs!

AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE may always be found the finest HERBS to be had in New England. Call at the NEW STORE.

may 29 No. 1 Granite Block.

Hair and Tooth Brushes!

THE best assortment of BRUSHES in this city, at the

BOTANIC DRUG STORE.

may 29 No. 1 Granite Block.

Fine and Coarse Sponges!

CALL AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE for the choicest *SPONGES* of all kinds.

may 29 No. 1 Granite Block.

100 Bbls. Logwood,

REDWOOD, Fustic, Camwood and Hypernic, 500 lbs. MANILLA INDIGO.

Just received and for sale by

BLOOD & ROWE.

aug4

Fire Engine for Sale.

The well known small hand FIRE ENGINE "RAGLET," is for sale. This Machine was made by "Button," is very powerful for its size, having played 175 feet ahead through a three-fourths nozzle, is complete in all respects, with suction hose, pipes, nozzles, connections for hose, &c., &c., all in good order. Its works are all made of composition metal, and therefore much more durable than cast iron arrangements.

The "Raglet" would be very suitable for a small town, or manufacturing establishment. The Engine House is also for sale.

J. PENNO.

June 11

Fine Leaf Tobacco!

THE BEST I EVER SAW,—with choice Navy and other brands.

E. F. BRADBURY.

aug 14

Cement.

New Fresh Newark Cement,

LANDING from Schr. Olive Avery, for sale by

JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON.

may 9 50 and 52 Exchange St.

WALLPAPER! A very attractive assortment, just received. For sale by

E. F. DUREN.

1867.

DIARIES, in great variety, at wholesale and retail, by

aug 27 E. F. DUREN & CO.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SENATORS,
SAMUEL F. HERSEY, of Bangor.
JOSEPH W. PORTER, of Burlington.
JOSIAH CROSBY, of Dexter.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
A. C. FLINT, of Bangor.

FOR SHERIFF,
J. H. WILSON, of Bangor.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,
A. O. INGERSOLL, of Lincoln.

FOR SENATORS.

Androscoggin	ADNA C. DENTON.
Aroostook	EBEN WOODBURY.
Cumberland,	GEORGE W. WOODMAN, SAMUEL A. HOLBROOK, FREDERIC ROBIE, LUKE BROWN.
Franklin,	JOSEPH W. FAIRBANKS.
Hancock,	J. C. CALDWELL, ALEX. FULTON.
Kennebec,	THOMAS B. READ, GEORGE W. PERKINS, JOSEPH T. WOODWARD.
Knox,	NATHANIEL A. BURPEE, MOSES R. LUDWIG.
Lincoln,	ISAAC T. HOBSON.
Oxford,	JONAS GREENE, JOHN G. HAMBLEN.
Penobscot,	JOSEPH W. PORTER, SAMUEL F. HERSEY, JOSIAH CROSBY.
Sagadahoc,	FREDERICK J. PALKS.
Somerset,	HENRY BOYNTON, ISAAC DYER.
Washington,	CHARLES H. SMITH.
Waldo,	A. J. BILLINGS, P. G. EATON.
York,	GEORGE WINGATE, NATHANIEL HOBBS, CHARLES E. WELD.
Piscataquis,	JEREMIAH M. MASON, JOHN H. RAMSDELL.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Androscoggin,	JESSE DAVIS.
Aroostook,	DAVID A. SEWALL.
Cumberland,	MILTIMORE WATTS.
Franklin,	WYMAN V. TAINTER.
Hancock,	W. L. BOYD.
Kennebec,	MARK ROLLINS, JR.
Knox,	ZENAS COOK, 2d.
Lincoln,	DAVID CHAMBERLAIN.
Oxford,	C. C. CUSHMAN.
Penobscot,	A. O. INGERSOLL.
Sagadahoc,	SAMUEL FARNHAM.
Somerset,	LEWIS WYMAN.
Washington,	AARON HOBART.
Waldo,	C. H. WEBB.
York,	ALFRED HULL.
Piscataquis,	C. A. PACKARD.

FOR SHERIFF.

Aroostook,	NATHAN PERRY.
Cumberland,	GEORGE W. PARKER.
Franklin,	SEWARD DILL.
Kennebec,	CHARLES HEWINS.
Knox,	S. W. LAUGHTON.
Lincoln,	FREDERIC KENT.
Oxford,	CYRUS WORMELL.
Penobscot,	J. H. WILSON.
Sagadahoc,	PATRICK K. MILLAY.
Washington,	E. W. FARRAR.
Waldo,	ISRAEL R. GRANT.
York,	RICHARD H. GODING.
Piscataquis,	EDWARD JEWETT.

FOR TREASURER.

Androscoggin,	JOEL S. COBB.
Aroostook,	PARKER P. BURLEIGH.
Cumberland,	PETER R. HALL.
Franklin,	ROBERT GOODENOW.
Hancock,	C. W. TILDEN.
Kennebec,	DANIEL PIKE.
Knox,	ALDEN SPRAGUE.
Lincoln,	ANDREW LACY.
Oxford,	WILLIAM A. PIDGIN.
Penobscot,	A. C. FLINT.
Sagadahoc,	HENRY M. HOVEY.
Somerset,	JAMES B. DASCOMB.
Washington,	IGNATIUS SARGENT.
Waldo,	CHARLES BAKER.
York,	SYLVESTER LITTLEFIELD.
Piscataquis,	ELIAS J. HALE.

FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Oxford,	ENOCH W. WOODBURY.
Piscataquis,	SNELLING MONROE.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

Androscoggin,	EMERY O. BICKNELL.
Sagadahoc,	JOSIAH A. TEMPLE.

FOR CLERK OF COURTS.

Androscoggin,	DANIEL P. ATWOOD.
Cumberland,	D. W. FESSENDEN.
Oxford,	WILLIAM K. KIMBALL.

Bangor Lumber Market.

PRICE CURRENT.

BOARDS.

No. 2 Dry Pine	$60
No. 3 do	50
No. 4 do	40
No. 2 Green	50
No. 3 do	40
No. 4 do	30
Dry Cane Planers,	1 to 45
Green do	35
Dry pine shipping	22
Green do	18 to 20
Green pine poor	12
Green pine Scoots	6
Dry Pine Scoots	12 to 13
Narrow pine brds	18
Spruce dimensions random sizes.	16
Spruce frames cut to order,	18 to 20
Spruce boards 1¼ inch, green,	16
Spruce boards dry	18
Green Hemlock Boards,	11
Green Hemlock dimensions,	12 to 15
Dry Hemlock Boards,	13 to 14
Spruce Scoots,	5

CLAPBOARDS.

Extra Heart,	$58
Clear,	53
Extra Sap	45
Clear do	42
No. 1 do	22 to 25
Extra Spruce,	28
Clear do	26
No. 1 do	18

LATHS.

Spruce,	$2.75
Pine,	3.10

PICKETS.

6 feet Spruce,	$22
5 feet clear do	20
5 feet No. 1 do	14
4 feet clear do	24
4 feet No. 1 do	10
4 feet clear pine	20
4 feet do 2 in.	15
4 feet No 1	10
4 feet do 2 in	8
Hemlock Pic'ts	8

SHINGLES.

Best Shaved Cedar,	$6.75
No. 2 do	6.25
No. 3 do	5.25
No. 4 do	4.50
Best sh'd Pine	7.50
No. 2 do	7.00
No. 3 do	6.00
No. 4 do	5.00
Extra Sawed Pine,	5.50
No. 1 do	3.50 to 4.00
Best ex sawed cedar	4.75
No. 2 do	4.50
Best No. 1 do	3.75
No. 1 do	3.25
Ex. Spruce do	3.25
No. 1 do	2.50

Spruce bed slats 4 ft. 8 in. long, 2¼ in wide, ⅞ in. thick.	$8 00
Fine Blind Slats 4 ft. long, 2¼ in. wide, ⅞ in. thick.	7 00
Fine Blind Stiles 4 to 6 ft. long, 1¼ in square	35 00
" Door " 6 to 7 ft. " 5 in wide, from 1½ to 1⅝ in thick,	45 00
Fine Door Panels 4 ft. long, 10 to 13 in wide, ¾ in. thick,	45 00
Fine Rails from 2 ft. 8 in. to 3 ft. long, 5, 7½ and 9½ in. wide, 1½ to 1⅝ in. thick,	45 00
Fine bed slat ends 4 ft. 9 in. long, 2½ in wide 1 in thick,	16 00
Spruce bed slats 5 ft. 9 in. long, 2¾ in wide, ¾ in thick,	25 00
Spruce bbl. staves 2 ft. 6 in. long, 3 in. wide, ⅝ in. thick,	8c
Spruce half bbl. staves 2 ft. long, 2 in. wide, ⅝ in thick,	5 00
Spruce bbl. syrup staves 34 in. long, 3½ and 4½ in. wide, ⅞ in thick,	11 00

BANISTER STUFF.

Clear Spruce	3½ & 4 ft. long,	1¼ in. square,	$10	00
" "	4 ft. 2 in. long	1¼ "	12	00
" "	4 ft. 6 in. long	1¼ "	15	00
" "	5 ft. "	1⅜ "	18	00
" "	6 ft. "	1⅜ "	22	00
" "	8 ft. "	1½ "	30	00
" "	10 ft. "	1½ "	37	00
" "	12 ft. "	1½ "	42	00

Magic Cook Stove,

With Plain and Extension Tops,

FOR WOOD AND COAL.

NEW IMPROVEMENTS.

THOUSANDS of these Stoves are now in use, giving the most perfect satisfaction; and they are warranted in every particular.

Its perfect Baking Oven, and well arranged Grate and Pan for sifting and collecting the ashes, will commend it to any person desiring a good stove.

The Griddle is fitted with a Reflector, so that the odor is carried off in the flues of the stove, and will please all in favor of a good steak.

The new Magic Regulator, attached to the Stove, sustains the fire, so that it may be continued night and day, thus saving much of the expense of kindling. For sale, wholesale and retail, by MOSES POND & CO.,

NOS. 79 and 81 BLACKSTONE STREET,

BOSTON,

SEMPLE & POND, Main Street, Bangor,

And by their Agents in the principal towns and cities.

sept 3—2aw1m&3mw

City of Bangor.

The Regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Appropriating Claims will be holden at the Alderman's Room, City Hall, on FRIDAY before the First Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.

H. B. WILLIAMS, Chairman.

March 29, 1866

NEW BIBLE DICTIONARY—by Smith.

aug 3 E. F. DUREN.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1815.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square three times in the Daily.	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	75
For half-square, three times,	1 00
For half-square, one week,	1 25
each week's continuance,	40
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week* at two-thirds price; *two times a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

The Pelladelphia Southern Convention.

From Mexico—Americans join the Liberals in Mexico—Successes of the Liberals—From Europe.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.

Commodore Craven arrived in the Constitution yesterday.

It is reported that sixty men under command of Colonel George F Knox, formerly on Gen. Hooker's staff, left for Mexico recently to join the Liberals.

The steamer California, from Portland, Oregon, brings $111,500 in treasure.

The shipment of bullion from the Gold Hill mines, Nevada, through Wells, Fargo & Co., for the month of August, amounted to $772,134. It is believed that the annual yield of these mines will exceed $9,000,000.

Mining shares are firmer.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

The Herald's City of Mexico correspondence of the 20th, says:

It is being hoped the French Emperor will not withdraw his troops.

The Imperialists had determined upon a new aggressive campaign. One object being the recapture of Chihuahua.

The Liberals had gained numerous new victories in the interior.

Several Americans are confined in San Juan Dueloa Castle, charged with conspiring and are condemned to be shot.

One of them, Dr. J. H. Baker, had committed suicide while delerranged.

The Herald's Havana correspondence says—

Information has been received from San Domingo that the project of annexation to the United States is regarded as consummated.

[By Cable to Associated Press.]

Vienna, Sept. 3. Affairs in Saxony resume a warlike aspect. The Saxon troops have been withdrawn from the Hungarian frontier, and the army is being provisioned. The treaty of peace with Austria not to interfere.

The South German journals charge Austria with breach of treaty with Bavaria in making a separate peace with Prussia.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

A morning paper states that private advices assert that Maximilian has notified his household of his determination to abdicate at once, unless his wife received from Napoleon the supplies and money she requests.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.

The whole number of deaths during the last week was 1817, of which 1133 were from cholera.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.

The Convention reassembled at 10.30 and General Speed in the chair. Prayer was offered.

General resolutions were offered by delegates, favoring negro suffrage.

Resolutions were also introduced opposing interference with the policy of Congress.

Mr Moss, of Virginia, advocated the adoption of measures for the enfranchisement of the blacks.

Mr Moss offered a resolution instructing the committee on resolutions to provide for conferring suffrage on all citizens without regard to color. This led to great confusion.

Motions were made to lay it on the table, adjourn, &c., but were lost.

Finally the previous questions were ordered, and the resolution was referred to the committee on resolutions.

Great excitement prevailed during the debate. Mr Thomas of Maryland said if the resolution was adopted he would be in favor of enfranchising every rebel in his State.—This occasioned much hissing and confusion.

A delegate moved to adjourn to 10 a. m. to-morrow, stating that he understood the Committee on Resolutions and an address would not be prepared to report until to-morrow morning.

Mr. Thomas of Maryland explained that his remark, relative to negro suffrage, was misunderstood. So far as voting to enfranchise rebels, he would not do it, so help him God.

It was announced that arrangements had been made for proceedings to-night, with the view to the fusion of Northern and Southern delegates.

The Convention then adjourned until 10 a. m., to-morrow.

A grand Mass Meeting of both Northern and Southern delegates will be held at the Loyal League House to-night.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 5.

Major General Miles has been relieved from command of the District of Fortress Monroe, and Brig. Gen. Barton, Colonel of the 5th artillery, garrisoning the fortress, is in command of the District and custodianship of Jeff. Davis.

THE $100,000 ROBBERY AT NEWPORT. One of the most daring and heaviest robberies that has taken place for some time in this country, occurred at Newport, R. I., a few days since, in which a party of gentlemen from this city, were the victims to the tune of $100,000 and upward. This party were Messrs. John H. Smith, J. R. Whaley, F. Hall, F. T. Smith, and S. Forbes. These gentlemen were in attendance at the Saratoga races, and during the meeting were quite successful pecuniarily. After the races were concluded they decided to visit Newport on a trip of pleasure and recreation, and enjoy the sight-seeing of that fashionable watering place.

Soon after their arrival the party repaired to the beach on the seashore, and resolved on bathing in the surf of the salt water. "Suiting the action to the word," they robed themselves in the bathing apartments on the beach and plunged into the waves of the Atlantic Ocean. While they were thus enjoying themselves to their utmost bent, a party of pickpockets, who had doubtless followed them from Saratoga, leaped over the partitions of the bathing rooms and were soon rifling the pockets of the clothing of their contents, and obtained for their industry nearly $100,000 in money, a check on one of the Cincinnati national banks for $20,000, and one for $3,000, besides a diamond pin valued at $6,000, and several valuable watches, pins, &c.

When our party returned and dressed themselves, their astonishment at the sudden "presto change" of fortune may be better imagined than described. No other besides the party themselves were to be seen, and of course no clue whatever was then to be obtained of the thieves, who were very quickly made rich by dexterous management. The party returned to the hotel and made mention of their loss to the police, but no tidings of their departed treasures could be had. They returned to Cincinnati a few days since, and the affair was entrusted to detectives to "work up."

On yesterday morning Chief of Police Ruffin received two large envelopes through the postoffice, containing the pocket-books, checks and notes and other papers of less value. These envelopes were postmarked "Boston," and beyond the address on the backs gave no clue whatever by which the thieves could be identified. The thieves seem to be content with their haul of greenbacks, diamond pins, watches, &c., and concluded to be generous and return the checks, notes and private papers. It is exceedingly doubtful if ever the money and jewelry will be recovered.—[Cincinnati Enquirer, 17th ult.

Johnson's Stump Speaking.

The Boston Journal says:

The New York papers bring us a verbatim report of President Johnson's speech at Niagara Falls on Saturday evening, an abstract of which we had by telegraph yesterday. It was one of the most elaborate speeches which he has yet made, and was after the same style as his Philadelphia and Albany speeches, only a little more so! The first portions of it alluded to the humble individual as usual, and told how he had been an Alderman, and from that everything up to President. He then defended himself and Mr. Seward at length from the charge of being traitors, pitched into the Freedmen's Bureau and the Civil Rights bill, justifying his course in vetoing those measures, and was just issuing a grand challenge to the one hundred and eighty-two members of Congress to meet him and the Cabinet and discuss the questions at issue between them before the American people, when, the dispatch says, Mr. Seward became exceedingly alarmed lest the balcony should break down and personally went round to urge some of the persons to retire from it. He *also urged the President to close his remarks*, which he at once did.

With the close of the President's remarks the danger seems to have passed away, for Mr. Seward followed with quite a lengthy speech, in which he predicted 40,000 majority for 'my policy,' in New York. His former reputation as a 'sixty' or 'ninety days' prophet is not such as to induce sane men to 'take much stock' in his predictions. We have not room for the speeches in full, as we prefer to occupy our space with what, we are sure, will please the loyal men of New England better, and that is our full report of the glorious gathering at Philadelphia of the Southern loyalists, and their loyal brethren from the North.—[Journal.

THE ATROCITIES AT SALISBURY, N. C. The proceedings and findings of the military commission before whom was tried Major Gee, formerly in command of the rebel prison at Salisbury, N. C., on the charge of cruelty to Union prisoners, have just been made public. The commission finds that Major Gee, while in command of the prison, failed to provide for the prisoners, about ten thousand in number, either food, clothing, rations, fuel, shelter, water or hospital attendance sufficient to preserve health or sustain life. That the prisoners were not supplied with sufficient water for culinary purposes or even for satisfying thirst, or with wood except in very small or inadequate quantities, and this though an ample supply of water and wood could have been obtained in the immediate neighborhood of the prison. The findings enumerate at length the privations and outrages to which the prisoners were subjected, and say that the hospital accommodations and medical attendance furnished prisoners when sick were so slight and inadequate that, when once sent to the hospital of the prison, they rarely returned alive, and that by reason of such failure a large number of said prisoners, about five hundred a month, whose names are unknown, died from disease, starvation and exposure, during the months of November and December, 1864. The commission, however, on the ground that the accused was to blame only for weakness in retaining the position when unable to carry out the dictates of humanity, and that the rebel government were fully responsible for all these inhumanities and outrages, acquit the accused, both on the charges and specifications.

POLITICAL RIOTING. The copperheads of Maine are adopting southern tactics rather early. A Union meeting was broken up last Thursday in Somerville, Lincoln County. The following particulars are furnished by an Augusta correspondent of the Boston Advertiser:

The meeting had been duly called, and on the arrival of the speakers, Hon. A. P. Farwell, Joseph H. Manley, Esq., and Samuel C. Harley, Esq., the Copperheads under the lead of Josiah Bruce planted themselves on the stand and declared that the meeting should not go on. With the lowest kind of billingsgate, reviling the Union party and its candidates with profanity and obscenity, he insisted upon his right to be heard. From words they came to blows, and the affair at one time assumed the character of a riot. Dr. George E. Brickett of this city, at last succeeded in quieting the rioters to some extent, and the meeting adjourned to a school house; but the Copperheads were too quick for their opponents, and Bruce took the desk. Dr. Brickett proposed that Mr. Bruce act as chairman, and say all he wanted to, and then give the other side a chance. He refused to do this, declaring that he had not got so low as to preside over a "d——d Black Republican meeting," but improved the opportunity to renew his blackguardism for half an hour or more. The Unionists then hired a piece of land near by, and threatened that any interruption would be severely punished. The Copperheads followed a short distance and then retired, but it had got to be so late that after a short meeting the affair was adjourned to Saturday next, when the speakers will return and be prepared to maintain the right of free speech.

THE POLITICAL PILGRIMAGE TO BE EXTENDED. It is said that the President and his party have been urgently solicited to continue their trip to the West and South. By all means let the trip be extended after the President has recovered his voice, for if he will only continue to talk it will be a great saving of time to Republican orators. The President is doing good work, and if it is a possible thing to give him a little more rope by extending the route, let it be done.—[Boston Journal.

Support For "My Policy."

An Alabama Johnson editor, believing that the Mayor Monroe party can dispose of the Unionists South in a manner satisfactory to the President, thus directs attention to the victorious patriots of the Union:

"Gen. Phil. Sheridan grew during the war, to be quite notorious. His blood is Irish, and, being an Irishman, he was full of fight. He commanded Irishmen. They would fight. Hence, in an army of Yankee blue bellies, who were most splendidly drilled in retrograde tactics, and against a man whose taste for peach-brandy was stronger than his sense of duty, this little five-feet-eight of resolute Finneganism, made some reputation. We rather like the little fellow, on account of his pluck, and were glad to see him promoted, even in an army of cravens and thieves. He studied hard at West Point. He behaved well in Washington Territory, and it pleased us to see him escape the paternal pick and shovel, which had contributed largely to the internal improvement of Ohio.

'Why, then, has he spoiled all by his foolish show of authority? Why has he proved to the world that he is only a vulgar ditcher at heart after all, and that his high rank is not the reward of merit, but the mere result of fortuitous circumstances? This is really too bad. We have henceforth to acknowledge these Yankee hybirds as countrymen, and it would be gratifying to Southern gentlemen to know that some of them had just claims to decency and respect. But one by one, the leaders of the Northern army show themselves to be only blackguards and braggarts.

'Butler turned thief at the start; Turchin was a natural born imp of perdition; Thomas has displayed a remarkable aptitude for giving white people's churches to his black betters; Sherman found the torch a more congenial weapon to his unknightly nature than the sword; Grant tried to be a politician, and

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

THURSDAY, SEPT. 6, 1866.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

Gen. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN

For Representatives to Congress.

1st Dist.—JOHN LYNCH, Portland.
2d Dist.—SIDNEY PERHAM, Paris.
3d Dist.—JAMES G. BLAINE, Augusta.
4th Dist.—JOHN A. PETERS, Bangor.
5th Dist.—FRED. A. PIKE, Calais.

[For Nominations see First Page.]

What General Chamberlain Says.

All must unite in *demanding security for the future.* We must have guaranties good and sufficient, against any future attempt to destroy this Government whether in the exercise of a pretended right by open war or BY MORE ARTFUL AND INSIDIOUS ASSAULTS against the principles on which this Nation was founded. There are points we cannot yield without danger and dishonor; and WHEN THE SOUTHERN STATES SHALL HAVE COMPLIED WITH THOSE CONDITIONS IN GOOD FAITH, they will be in a condition to ask association and fellowship with the loyal common wealths of the country which they deserted with such violence and scorn. UNTIL THAT TIME, IN MY judgment, it is wise to hold them in strict probation.

"We cannot go back to gather up the fragments of the Union as it was; we must now recognize the nation as it is, and make the Constitution what it should be."

The Massacre at New Orleans.

WHAT GENERAL SHERIDAN SAYS.

"The more information I obtain of the affair of the 30th in this city [New Orleans] the *more revolting* it becomes. It was no riot. It was *an absolute massacre by the police, which was not excelled in murderous cruelty by that of Fort Pillow.* It was a *murder which the Mayor and police perpetrated without the shadow* of a necessity. Furthermore, I believe it was *premeditated,* and *every* indication points to this."

REPUBLICAN UNION APPOINTMENTS

Gen. JAMES DUNNING, Judge S. F. HUMPHREY, and D. G. CLARY, will speak at

Exeter,	Thursday	6, at 2	"
Garland,	Thursday	" 6, at 7	"
Charleston,	Friday	" 7, at 2	"
E. Corinth,	Friday	" 7, at 7	"
Kenduskeag,	Saturday	" 8, at 2	"

Judge JOHN E. GODFREY, Gen. H. M. PLAISTED, and Col. JERE FENNO, will speak at Upper Stillwater, Thursday, Sept. 6, at 7 o'clock P. M.

CHARLES P. STETSON, Esq., and Captain E. R. MAYO will speak at Hudson on Wednesday, Sept. 5th, P. M.; at Hermon, Thursday, September 6th, P. M.

Judge JOHN E. GODFREY and Col. JERE FENNO, will speak at East Holden, Friday evening, Sept. 7; at East Eddington, Saturday P. M., at 2 o'clk.

Gen. H. M. PLAISTED and Capt. E. R. MAYO, will speak at Stetson, Friday Sept. 7, at 7 o'clk P.M.

Col. GEO. C. PICKERING and A. L. SIMPSON Esq., will speak at Levant, Thursday Sept. 6, at 7 o'clock P. M.

Union Caucus.

The Union Voters of Bangor, are requested to meet at the City Hall, on FRIDAY evening next, at 7½ o'clock, for the purpose of nominating three candidates for Representatives to the State Legislature, and also to select a City Committee for the ensuing year.

Per order of Union City Committee.

sept 4 A. C. FLINT, Chairman.

—The Union Republicans of Brewer and Orrington have postponed their Class Convention to meet at the schoolhouse in Brewer Village Thursday, Sept. 6th, at three o'clock, P. M.

All New Voters

And old ones, too—should see to it that their names are on the ward lists now posted in the City Hall avenue. If they do not appear, go at once at the Aldermen's Room and have your names entered. The Board will be in session for the purpose of correcting the lists of voters on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week from 9 to 1 A. M. and from 2 to 5 P. M. *No name can be entered after that time.*

Hon. J. G. Blaine's Speech at Norombega.

The meeting at Norombega Hall yesterday afternoon was large and composed of our most intelligent and patriotic people.—The ample hall was filled full to hear Mr. Blaine, although it had been generally understood that there would be no meeting on account of THE BACKING OUT OF MR. PILLSBURY'S FRIENDS, who withdrew their man on Tuesday, and would not permit him to fill the agreement to meet Mr. Blaine made by the Democratic State Committee, and consented to by him (Pillsbury).

John B. Foster, Esq., was called to preside at the meeting, and made an excellent and effective speech of about half an hour. Mr. Blaine then occupied an hour or more in an address, and was enthusiastically applauded throughout. The following is an abstract by our able reporter:

We are met (remarked the speaker) at a season of great public peril, the issue being between the President's policy and the Congressional policy of reconstruction. The President now deems the rebel States entitled to immediate admission to representation and all former privileges. At the breaking out of the rebellion was there any rebel so audacious, or copperhead so mean or base as to claim their right to representation in Congress? At what time, then, did they become thus entitled? President Johnson, by proclamation, declared the people of South Carolina, (and that was but the example for all rebel States,) deprived of all civil government, and appointed a Provisional Governor, and laid down rules and regulations by which the late rebels might hold a Convention as a preliminary step in State re-organization. Did she then become entitled to resume her former privileges? No. He held high language, demanding as an indispensable requisite, the ratification of the constitutional amendment abolishing slavery. Gov. Perry mildly protested against it.—Seward answered that his complaint and protest were querulous and unreasonable—slapping South Carolina in the face as a naughty child, and the Convention walked up and submitted! Did the right of representation then ensue? No! Other indispensable requisites were demanded, among them the repudiation of the rebel debt.—They hesitated. Seward replied for the President, that he could not recognize their rights as States without it. This was condition No. 2. Two thousand millions of rebel debt were thus swept away so far as individual States are concerned. Were they then entitled? No. Here was a third condition. President Johnson said the heresy of State Rights and secession must be abandoned. He demanded not only the repeal of the secession ordinances, but the declaration that they were null and void from the beginning—not only that they should swallow the medicine, but immediately, and confess that it tasted good! The speaker honored the President for these conditions. Did he then say they were then entitled to representation? The question was put to him directly by an interested party. Secretary Seward replied that he was instructed by the President to say that *it must be distinctly understood that the question of restoration must be subject to the decision of Congress*—three important conditions made, and the question of rebel restoration still left to Congress!

This was the condition of matters when Congress assembled. There was no disposition in that body for difference with the President. He had imposed three conditions, and Congress proceeded to impose two others—the most important one, that the basis of representation in Congress must conform to the existing order of things.—On the basis before the abolition of slavery, when three-fifths of slaves were counted in, the South had from thirty to thirty-five representatives based upon persons who had no voice whatever in their election. Now, with slavery abolished, without an adverse constitutional amendment, the *five*-fifths would be counted in. To this the loyal North never would consent. The New England standpoint insisted upon basing representation on manhood, not color, and it would hold the rebel States over the brink of political perdition unless they gave the black man his rights. Other sections did not come up to this standard, and this point was compromised by insisting that if freedmen were not allowed to vote, they should be counted out in the basis of representation. By any other construction, the question would assume the odious form, whether the white traitor in South Carolina should count as much as two and one-half loyal soldiers of Maine who fought these traitors to a successful issue! According to Pillsbury, the copperhead candidate for Governor of Maine, two hundred and ninety thousand whites in South Carolina should have twenty per cent more voice in the popular branch of Congress than the six hundred thousand people of Maine! We should be the veriest lickspittles to endure this. And the copperheads, by securing to the South this unequal and unjust power, and with the aid of the bribery and corruption of Government patronage at the North, hope to obtain the control of this government. No, never! It cannot be done! A representation so unequal and oppressive never could be borne!

Congress made overtures to the President for his influence in favor of this important amendment, to yield somewhat in other respects for the sake of harmony. Congress demands repudiation of the rebel debt and perpetuation of the government; obligations to be put into the bond of the Constitution, so that these questions may be put beyond the reach of an accidental majority in Congress. Rebel States may repudiate the debt and put it in their constitutions, but these constitutions may be easily changed. We want it in the constitution of the United States. Even now, under the malign influence of a recreant President, rebel scrip has some value in Richmond, Charleston and Mobile—paper that but a year ago was worthless rags; and the ocean wires inform us that the action of the Philadelphia Convention has given value to rebel bonds in Europe. Were it in their power, the rebel debt would in some form be recognized.

There were minor points of difference between Congress and the President—the Freedmen's Bureau and the Civil Rights bills—which, thank God! Congress was strong enough to pass over him. The former bill not only provided for the relief and protection of freedmen, but refugees. The Government would have been heartless not to have thrown its protecting shield over these. The records show that the whites have received more rations than the blacks. His message, vetoing this bill, is one of the coldest blooded State papers ever produced—relieved by one grim joke—that the freedman having the liberty of changing his place, if he fails to obtain fair remuneration for his services, &c., he may seek a better chance. Four millions of people born on the soil, who know nothing of the country beyond twenty miles, may change their place at will! If the poor South Carolina freedmen is dissatisfied, all he has to do is to go to New York. It will only cost him a hundred dollars! If the Mississippi freedmen is not treated fair all he has to do is to move to Minnesota—only twenty-four hundred miles away, and at a cost of several hundred dollars! Was there ever language more cruel and ironical? It reminded the speaker of the Punch picture of a little beggar girl asking a London dandy for a penny. "Oh, yes, my dear little girl—can you change a ten pound note?"

The Civil Rights bill had been characterized by Pillsbury as granting rights to the "nigger" that the white man never had. This bill, however, gives them only the same rights as white people, and is entirely in accordance with a section of the amendment abolishing slavery, which provides that Congress shall have power to enact the necessary legislation to protect the black man in his newly acquired freedom. The statute books of the rebel States are covered over with disabilities and discrimination against the black man. The Civil Rights bill treats him as a man, and entitled to all the rights of man. Is it not mean and shameful that a superior race should call for the power of law to sink an inferior race still lower? Those who legislate against the black man seem to be afraid that if allowed an equal chance he will become more than an equal!

The Convention nominating Pillsbury attacked the credit of the United States. One of the resolutions denounced the exemption from taxation of the government bonds. However much it was to be regretted that any considerable portion of the wealth of the country should not bear its proportion of the burdens of the government, the copperheads are directly responsible for it. When the government needed large sums of money to carry on the war, swollen to gigantic proportions, when any expense would be cheaper than failure, the copperheads assailed the credit of the Government at the corners of the streets. They prophesied failure and the utter worthlessness of government paper—as bad as the old Continental money. Seymour was first elected in New York, and in that great monetary and commercial centre the government found itself embarrassed and checkmated as a borrower. Government was driven into raising money at an unusual rate of interest and upon the guaranty of exemption of its bonds from State and municipal taxation. Thus having driven government into this financial measure, these same malignant copperheads, who tried to keep the people from lending their money to carry on the war, turn round and demand that it shall forswear its obligations and tarnish its honor. Better pay ten times over than proceed one inch on the ruinous road of repudiation. Nothing in the condition of the government finances calls for such procedure. During the past year the running expenses of the government have been met by revenue, and the public debt diminished one hundred and twenty-four millions dollars.

The increase of Congressional compensation had formed a theme of copperhead abuse. The speaker did not intend to speak apologetically. He was sick at the time of the vote and paired off against it. He alluded to it to turn the charge upon the copperheads who made it. The measure was introduced by a copperhead from Delaware. It passed the Senate, receiving every copperhead vote. It was rejected by the House. In Committee of Conference Mr. Wilson opposed the measure. Mr. Niblack, democrat, of Indiana, urged it. Mr. Banks, of Massachusetts finally gave his vote in favor lest disagreement might prejudice the whole appropriation bill of which it was part, and on the report of this committee the House concurred with the Senate by the snug vote of fifty-one to fifty. Of the fifty who opposed, there were only six of the forty-three democrats in the House. The New England delegations were almost entirely in the negative. With such a record the copperheads had better keep silent.

But for all the troubles of the hour, the Philadelphia Convention is the prescribed panacea!—one of the most ominous, momentous and august bodies ever assembled on this continent—composed of rebels, copperheads and the bread and butter brigade! What was not expected! The members had two speeches apiece bottled up and ready.—The whole Congressional corps of reporters, each with twelve sharpened pencils, went over to catch the minutest word of this grand council. On the first day a copperhead clergyman made a prayer—adjourned! Second day Doolittle, rightly named, in a whining voice congratulated the assembly as the noblest and purest lot of fellows ever got up—adjourned! Third day, Cowan read his resolutions, already in type, and Raymond his address—adjourned! But, before adjourning, a resolution passed, thanking the Mayor for the admirable conduct of the police—evidently thankful that he had not let the dogs loose on them and eat them up! The bottles were kept tight—not a stopper was allowed to be started, and no speech saw the light. The managers told Wood and Vallandigham they were clever fellows but odious to the people, and they had better stay out with the luggage, ready to cut the straps and pounder in the moment of victory.

There was one scene, and the only scriptural feature in the concern, and that was the grand arm in arm pantomime, after the manner of entering the ark; for we read that of the beasts of the field they went in two and two, and the fowls of the air two and two, and *creeping things* two and two.—At this scene Doolittle shed tears. Reporters rushed to the telegraph and described it to the President, and he shed tears! Tho' so full of the elements of the ridiculous, the motive of this assemblage was of a more serious character, being nothing less than a contrived and deliberate scheme by which with a consolidated South and a small minority of the North to throw the control of this government into rebel hands.

Maine is one of the first States to lead off in the verdict of the people upon designs so base, so atrocious. A full vote and good majority here will be met by the Middle States by majorities whose magnitude will surprise us. The faltering in Maine in 1862 was assigned by a distinguished New Yorker as the prime cause of Seymour's carrying New York and the embarrassment which followed to the government.

At the battle of Gettysburg, three regiments posted on the left hastily fortifying their position with the stones about them, successfully resisted the fury of the rebel General Hood. Among these regiments the prominent one was the 20th Maine under the gallant Chamberlain. That was the first rebel invasion of the North. In the next invasion to be made on Monday next, the enemy will meet with as swift a defeat from the same leader at the head of the loyal people of Maine.

The Coming Election—Republican Majorities.

In calculating the comparative gain or loss in this State on Monday next, the fact should be known and remembered that *last year's vote was no test of the relative strength of parties in this State.* The Democrats made no efforts at all to get out their voters and there was no "contest." The total vote fell off from over 119,000 in 1863 and 112,000 in 1864, to 86,000 in 1865—an aggregate deficiency of from 26,000 to 30,000 votes.—Of this falling off last year *fifteen thousand* was on the Democratic side and only *eleven thousand* on the Republican side, as will appear by the figures below. In consequence of this the Union *majority* last year was about 4,000 greater than it has been at any previous elections for Governor. The democrats threw 52,000 votes in 1860, 50,000 in 1863, and claim that as their strength in the State—while last year they fell off to less than 32,000. The increased vote which is to be anticipated this year, may of course be larger on the democratic than on the Republican side, and yet our real majority be greater than it has been before for ten years. The apparent majority last year was 22,787—while the largest majority for Governor which the Republican or Union party has had on any previous year was that for Mr. Hamlin (19,234) in 1856. The majority for Gov. Cony in 1864 was 19,180, and these have been the maximum Republican majorities in the contested elections. The latter included the soldiers' vote. It is manifestly proper therefore for us to compare the returns of this year with those of the Governor election in 1864, and we shall do so.

The following are the aggregate votes of the State for the past ten years:

1856.	
Hannibal Hamlin, Rep.,	69,574
Samuel Wells, Dem.,	43,628
George F. Patten, Straight Whig,	6,554
Scattering,	58
1857.	
Lot M. Morrill, Rep.,	54,655
Manassah H. Smith, Dem.,	42,968
Scattering,	265
1858.	
Lot M. Morrill, Rep.,	60,380
Manassah H. Smith, Dem.,	52,440
Scattering,	78
1859.	
Lot M. Morrill, Rep.,	57,230
Manassah H. Smith, Dem.,	45,387
Scattering,	35
1860.	
Israel Washburn, Jr., Rep.,	70,030
E. K. Smart, Dem.,	52,350
Phineas Barnes,	1,736
Scattering,	20
1861.	
Israel Washburn, Jr., Rep.,	58,689
Charles H. Jameson, War Dem.,	21,965
John W. Dana, Peace Dem.,	19,801
Scattering,	78
1862.	
Abner Coburn, Rep.,	42,744
Bion Bradbury, Dem.,	32,108
Charles D. Jameson,	6,264
Scattering,	102
1863.	
Samuel Cony, Union,	68,339
Bion Bradbury, Dem.,	50,687
Scattering,	16
1864.	
Samuel Cony, Union,	65,683
Joseph Howard, Dem.,	46,403
1865.	
Samuel Cony, Union,	54,430
Joseph Howard, Dem.,	31,609
Scattering,	34

It will be seen from the above figures that the average Republican majority at the September elections of the past ten years have been about 14,500.

Pillsbury Three Years Ago.

The Farmington Chronicle, published as it were next door to the office of Mr. Pillsbury, the Demi-johnson candidate for Governor, has been looking up the war record of that gentleman, and has lighted upon some ugly facts. It appears that three years ago Mr. Pillsbury stumped the County of Franklin in behalf of Jeff. Davis and the Confederacy. In one of his speeches during that campaign he uttered the following sentiments:

"Talk about weakening the Administration, why don't you talk about weakening water?"

Again:

"I HAVE DONE EVERYTHING IN SUPPORT OF THE PRESENT ADMINISTRATION THAT I WILL DO, SO-HELP ME GOD!"

At a Democratic meeting held in Kingfield during the riotous proceedings of 1863, Mr. Pillsbury, then editor of the Patriot, was present, and in giving an account of the meeting, said:

"Hon. F. G. Butler, of Farmington, next addressed the meeting, making one of the best speeches we ever heard from him."

Here follows a sample of the speech of this Butler, which so excited the admiration of Mr. Pillsbury.

"THIS GOVERNMENT HAS HAD MEN ENOUGH, AND ARE YOU, FELLOW DEMOCRATS, TO BE DRAGGED FROM YOUR HOMES TO DIE MISERABLY IN CAMP OR BE SHOT ON THE BATTLE-FIELD, AT THE COMMAND OF A DICTATOR, TO CARRY ON THIS ABOLITION WAR?"

Mr. Pillsbury addressed the same meeting. The Government was forced to the necessity of sending armed soldiers into Kingfield the following week to put down rebellion. E. F. Pillsbury is now the nominee of the Democratic party of Maine, for Governor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

GRAND

UNION RALLY.

Hon. Hannibal Hamlin

Will address the Citizens of Bangor and Vicinity, UPON NATIONAL QUESTIONS,

AT

NOROMBEGA HALL,

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 8th.

LET THERE BE A GRAND RALLY *OF ALL TRUE UNION MEN!*

Bangor, September 6, 1866.

New and Wonderful!

SWEET OPOPONAX,
SWEET OPOPONAX,
SWEET OPOPONAX,

This New and Delicious Perfume, made of the Sweet Opoponax of Mexico, is now for sale in this city at the

Bangor Botanic Drug Store,

sept 6—sn 3taw No. 1 Granite Block.

Take Time by the Forelock.

The miasma which generates epidemic fevers is now rising in clouds under the blazing beams of the dog day sun. Every living body, as well as refuse animal and vegetable matter, emits unwholesome vapors, and in crowded cities and the dense assemblages which business and pleasure call together the elements of disease are evolved. The pressure upon every vital organ is never so great as in the second and third months of summer, and common sense teaches us that these organs require to be reinforced to meet it.

We hold our lives, so to speak, on a *repairing lease*, and this is the season when the process of dilapidation is most rapid and repairs are most required. Therefore *build up, prop and sustain the powers of nature* with that mighty vegetable recuperant, HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. He who takes it may be said to clothe himself in sanitary mail, against which epidemic diseases will hurl its pestilent shafts in vain. This is no gratuitous assertion, but a great *medical fact*, attested by twelve years' experience in every climate of the habitable globe. Extremes of temperature always disturb the functions of the stomach, the bowels, the liver and the skin. It is through these that the most dangerous maladies assails us. Tone them in advance with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, and defy heat and malaria. sept 6—m3taw d&w 2w

Fashionably Made

Balmoral Boots for Ladies, Misses and Children, as well as Boots and Shoes for Gentlemen and Boys, which for superiority of materials and make, are unsurpassed, can be had of T. R. MOSELEY & CO., Summer Street, Boston. sept 5

MRS. S. S. COLT,

ARTIST IN WATER COLORS,

Invites all who are interested, to call and examine her work at Room 30, Penobscot Exchange. A member of her late class at Augusta, says:

"I have never been half as much delighted with any accomplishment. The knowledge of colors and their uses which I have acquired in a short time, is equally surprising and gratifying to myself and friends."

References given to Artists and former pupils.

LIFE PHOTOGRAPHS finished with care, in Colors or India Ink. sept 4—d1w

THOMAS F. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.

TAXES FOR 1866.

Treasurer & Collector's Notice

The Assessors of the City of Bangor have committed to me the TAX BILLS for the year 1866, under date of August 28th, 1866, and by a vote of the City Council, I am authorized to abate 10 per cent. on all Taxes paid within one month from date of commitment.

SETH PAINE,
Treasurer and Collector.

City of Bangor, August 28th, 1866.—2w
aug 29 (Times please copy)

MR. JOHN HOYT,

TEACHER OF

Piano, and Cultivation of the Voice.

MR. HOYT will return to Bangor, to renew with his pupils the study of the above branches, Sept. 10.

All those purposing to commence the study of music at this time, should leave their orders at Horton & Patten's Music Store, or at the Bangor House.

Term will consist of twelve weeks, two lessons per week.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. R. F. Baker, J. W. Adams, Boston, Mass. aug 28

COAL, COAL!

We have now in our Coal Bins a stock of

Broken, Egg and Stove Coal,

And are daily expecting further additions, all of which has been

SELECTED FOR ITS HARDNESS,

and therefore *specially adapted* for burning in

Furnaces and Air-Tight Parlor Stoves.

This Coal is very free from slate, and as we screen the same before delivering to our customers, it will be free from *dust and dirt.*

We are selling this Coal at present at a very small profit, and as the article usually *advances in price* after this season of the year, we would advise customers to hand in their orders early.

C. A. Babcock & Co.,

Broad St., near Brewer Ferry.

August 15, 1866.—2m—1mah

Georgia Pearson Bugbee,

PIANO FORTE and MELODEON TEACHER,

114 French Street, opposite Episcopal Church.

N. B. All pupils receive instruction in reading and writing music under the celebrated CHEVE system, which is a great assistant to rapid progress on the instruments. feb 28—sn

Change of Time, and Fare!

Summer Arrangement, 1866.

DAILY INSIDE LINE,

FOR PORTLAND AND BOSTON!

From Bangor via Portland, the P. S. and P. Boston and Maine and Eastern R. Road daily (Sundays excepted), at 6 o'clock A. M. From Boston daily (Sundays excepted), at 7 o'clk P. M.

THE Steamer LADY LANG, Capt A. J. WHITMORE, and the Steamer REGULATOR, Capt. J. A. DELANCEY, will form the DAILY LINE as above, leaving Bangor every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday* mornings, at 6 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay (except Sarsport), arriving in Portland in season to take the Cars of the P. S. and P. Railroad Express Train.

From Boston Daily

Cars leave depot of the Boston and Maine R. Road, Haymarket Square, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday*, at 7 o'clock, P. M., making sure connection with the steamers of this line. Cars leave depot of the Eastern R. Road, Causeway street, Boston, every *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 7 o'clock P. M., connecting as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, by R. Road or steamer from Portland, $4.00. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Portland, $2.50.

MEALS EXTRA. J. O. KENDRICK,

Bangor, Aug. 25, 1866. sn Agent.

MECALFE'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY is the only sure cure for Rheumatism ever known, and it issue wonderful in its nature as certain in its effects. aug 22—sn1m

CLOTHING!

J. E. CHAPMAN has just received at No. 6 Strickland's Block, another big stock of CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats and Caps, Oil and Rubber Clothing, Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c., &c. which he is selling very cheap. Call and see. m25—sn tf

MARRIED

In this city, 5th inst., by Rev. C. G. Porter, Capt. John S. Richardson, of Bangor, and Miss Delia A. Kelley, of Boston, Mass.

In Brewer, by John Holyoke, Esq., Joseph Davis, Esq., of Brownville, to Mrs. M. H. Norton.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 5th.

Sch Denmark, Parker, Providence.
Sch M E Pearsons, Wentz, Fall River.
Sch Florence, Crocket, Boston.
Sch Judge Tenney, Dorr, Hampden.

CLEARED.

Sept. 5th.—Brig F E Allen, Merrill, Philadelphia; Orzsimbo Foss, do; Fannie Butler, Bartlett, Fort Morris, N Y; schs Canema, French, New Haven; Iris, Bullock, do; Palos, Cousins, Bridgeport; Maria Lunt, Barrington, Norwich; Wm Stevens, Nickerson, Stonington; Fannie Ellen, Shen, South Yarmouth; Earl, Wentworth, Boston; H W Wellington, Herrick, do; Pocket, Grant, Danversport; Mechanic, Shute, Provincetown; Frances Ellen, Brown, Dorchester; Oneco, Post, Danvers; Mystery, Hurst, Boston.

Lubricating Oils.

LARD, Sperm, Whale, Paraffine, Seal, Native, Hecea and Tallow Oils; Wool Oils and Scouring Soaps, &c; Superior qualities at lowest rates.

Bartlett, Burgess & Co.,

sept 6—tf 106 State street, Boston.

For Sale Cheap!

THE COPYRIGHT OF

"FLOYD'S INDICATOR,"

For the State of Maine, all the other N. E. States having been sold.

This is an entirely new article in great demand, the manufacture of which affords a pleasant business with a small capital, and a sure return of large profits. For particulars address

F. C. FLOYD, P. O. Box 1759;
aug 28—2w* Boston, Mass.

Temperance Lecturer Wanted.

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES of the Lecture Fund of the Grand Division of Maine, desire to engage the exclusive services of a competent Agent and Lecturer, for a term of six months and more, from Oct. 1st, or date of engagement. Said Agent must be a Son of Temperance, and will be required to lecture, visit and organize Divisions, and receive contributions to the Lecture Fund.

Applications with references and terms of service, may be addressed to Z. POPE, JOSE, Sec'y of the Board, Rockland, Me.

Or JOHN S. KIMBALL, Bangor.

Papers favorable to the cause are requested to make notice of the above. sept 5—tf

Wanted.

A SITUATION as COOK and STEWARDESS, on board a sailing ship bound to any foreign port. Apply to JOHN G. McADAM, in care of TREAT & CO., Winterport, Maine. sept 6—3t*

E. B. PATTEN,

MERCHANDIZE BROKER,

AND DEALER IN

Tobacco,

18 CENTRAL WHARF, - - - BOSTON

Will fill orders for every description of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO & CIGARS.

Also, will purchase Flour, Groceries and Provisions, on commission. sept 6—1m

TO THE LADIES.

THE CIRAGE FRANCAIS, or FRENCH DRESSING, is the most splendid article ever produced for the purpose for which it was designed.

Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes that have become red or rusty, and rough by wearing, are restored to a perfect and *permanent black*, with as much lustre as when new, leaving the leather *soft and pliable*; and what is of *great importance to the ladies, it will not rub off to soil wet, and not the skirts.*

Trunks, Harness, Carriage Tops, and all *Leather Goods* look as good as new.

Ladies and Children can dress their own boots without soiling their hands. Try one bottle, and you will never be without a supply of it in the house.

Beware of the yellow, hot, deadly imitations.

E. F. BROWN & CO., Proprietors, Manufacturers of Blacking and Dressing of all kinds for leather.

Office, 110 Milk street, Boston, Mass.

For sale by Shoe Dealers in Bangor.

aug 31—3taw2w&w1m

Fruit Preserving Solution!

PRESERVES ALL KINDS FRUIT, VEGETABLES, &c., without sugar, and without air-tight jars or cans. No trouble to use it; small cost. One bottle enough for 125 pounds of fruit.

CHEAP, HEALTHFUL, EFFECTUAL.

☞ Recommended by the Best Chemists in the country. Sold only by

N. S. Harlow,

sept 6 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

SECOND ANNUAL

HORSE FAIR!

AT THE

Penobscot Co. Fair Grounds!

BANGOR, MAINE,

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY, Oct. 2d, 3d, and 4th.

PREMIUMS will be distributed to the amount of $2000, on the above days.

Outside Purse $400, to be trotted for by Horses wherever owned or raised.

The track is in the best order for the race, and the following horses will show themselves: PANIC, GEN. McCLELLAN, GEN. KNOX, and others from abroad. There are a large number of nice horses already enlisted.

Box Stalls will be furnished at the track.

All entries must be made previous to 10 o'clock, A. M., Oct. 2d, by letter or person, with entry fee, to O. M. SHAW or A. G. HUNT, Bangor.

WM. P. WINGATE,
ABRAM WOODARD,
A. G. HUNT,
THOMAS HERSEY,
O. M. SHAW,
DAVID BUGBEE,
THOS. G. STICKNEY,
DIRECTORS.

WM. P. WINGATE, President.
J. CHAMBERLAIN, Treasurer.
sept 6 J. H. MORRILL, Marshal.

AN OLD SETTLER

IN A NEW PLACE!

HENRY S. BROWN,

HAS the Shop corner of French and State Sts., and is prepared to do all kinds of

Furniture Job Work,

NEW AND OLD,

Including Ships Furniture, Desks, Show Cases and Upholstery, in good style and thorough manner.

Please send in your jobs.

No. 15 State Street.

sept 6—dtf

Pork and Beef.

250 BARRELS very heavy Boston and Western CLEAR and EXTRA CLEAR PORK.

100 Barrels Extra Mess Pork.

50 Barrels Extra Mess Chicago Beef.

Suited for the woods, in store and for sale.

S. H. DALE & CO.

Sept 5—1m

JUST RECEIVED!

2000 YARDS.

HILL MILL

COTTONS!

—IN—

Long Remnants,

—AT—

NO. 19 MAIN STREET.

G. W. STEVENS.

Sept. 5.—3tood—d&w

LOST.

ON Monday evening, a CARRIAGE ROBE, Magenter color on one side, on the other Brown and Magenter checked. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at VICKERY & SARGENT'S stable, Main street. sept 5

Boarding.

A FEW more single gentlemen can obtain board by applying at 69 THIRD ST. sept 5—1w*

Team Horses for Sale.

Two Horses weighing 1250 and 1075 lbs.; one Scott Harness; one Double Wagon 2¼ inch axles, for sale cheap. May be seen at No. 50 PEARL STREET.

sept 5—3t*

Cotton Warp.

Best Assortment and Quality,

AT THE LOWEST PRICES

AT

Thompson & Hichborn's.

sept 5 No. 40 Main Street.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

Wholesale and Retail,

AT LOWEST PRICES,

For sale by

E. F. Duren.

sept 5

H. L. MITCHELL,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law,

OFFICE

No. 55 WEST MARKET SQUARE,

Bangor, Maine.

Will give prompt and personal attention to the collection of all demands, and all other business entrusted to his care. sept 5—tf

Grocers Attention!

Messrs. Leavitt & Larrabee,

WILL in the future, act as Agents for the wholesale of Our Celebrated

Egg and Bright Biscuit,

LEMON AND GINGER SNAPS,

SODA, SUGAR, & OTHER CRACKERS,

CORN CAKES, COCOA NUT CAKES, &c.

All orders addressed to, or at their place of business, KLM BLOCK, HAMMOND STREET, will be promptly attended to.

JOHN K. ABBOTT & CO.

Sept 5—4w*

Shawl Lost.

BLACK AND WHITE PLAID. The finder is requested to leave it at this office and receive a reward. sept4 3t*

Co-Partnership.

THE subscribers have formed a Co-Partnership under the name of STRATTON & ESTES, for the purpose of carrying on the Umbrella Business.

GEORGE H. STRATTON,
CALEB ESTES.

Bangor, Sept. 3, 1866. 3t*

SCHOOL BOOKS,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

WRAPPING PAPERS of all sizes, the lowest prices by

BUGBEE & CO.

PAPER BAGS, all sizes, the lowest prices, by

BUGBEE & CO.

House Wanted.

TO RENT, with stable, for a private family. Any one having a house to rent, may hear of a good tenant by addressing "X" at this office. aug 29—tf

AUCTION!

By J. B. Foster & Co.

SALES ROOM

No. 44 West Market Square

MAINE CENTRAL R. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION!

I SHALL cause to be sold at Public Auction, a lot of Miscellaneous articles,

Both Baggage and Freight,

the owners of which are for the most part unknown, to pay the freight and charges thereon, at the Auction Room of J. B. FOSTER & CO., in Bangor, at ten o'clock, A. M., SATURDAY, Sept. 8th.

Said articles will be at the place of sale, and may be seen on the morning of the day of sale.

☞ Terms Cash.

By order of the Superintendent.

WILLIAM H. SMALL,
Station Agent.

Also, at the same time and place,

One Set Mill Stones, complete,

Marked A. B. MARTIN, Presque Isle.

May be seen at M. C. R. Road Depot, previous to sale.

Bangor, Aug. 17th, 1866—ts

Genteel House for Sale,

THE ELEGANT ESTATE, No. 182 State Street.

The Lot extends from Fruit to Otis Street, 200 ft.—and runs back on Fruit st., and on Otis st., 100 ft. The grounds are laid out in a very tasteful manner.

The House fronts on State street—is 33 by 30 ft., 2 story and attic, with 2 story Ell, and Barn.

The House was arranged and finished by a gentleman of fine taste, for his own residence, and little regard was had to cost. For elegance and convenience this place surpasses any that has been offered for sale of late. It will be sold on very liberal terms, and possession can be had immediately. For further particulars inquire of

J. B. Foster & Co.

aug. 31 tf

Adams & Johnston,

Auction & Commission Merchants,

2 HARLOW BLOCK,

Kenduskeag Bridge, Bangor, Me.

BEING CONNECTED WITH ONE OF THE

Largest Commission Houses

IN NEW ENGLAND,

WE OFFER TO THE TRADE

Cottons and Woolens,

PLATED WARE,

CUTLERY and FANCY GOODS,

At prices that cannot fail of giving perfect satisfaction.

WM. ADAMS, T. W. JOHNSTON,
August 8th.

Bangor and Orono

ACCOMMODATION!

LEAVES ORONO at 7¼ o'clock, A. M., arrive in Bangor about 8½; and Leave Bangor at 4 o'clock P. M., arriving in Orono at about 5 o'clock.

☞ Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange.

William Jewell,

sept 5—2w* Proprietor.

BOSTON MUSIC SCHOOL.

THE FALL TERM will commence on Monday, October 1, 1866, at Fraternity Hall, 554 Washington street.

This institution was incorporated in May, 1865, and its success proves beyond a doubt the practicability of the plan of its organization.

Facilities are afforded to both sexes for obtaining a thorough musical education in the different branches, both theoretical and practical, on the most reasonable terms. Instruction is given in NOTATION, HARMONY, COUNTERPOINT and FUGUE, COMPOSITION with reference to musical form and instrumentation, SINGING, PIANO, ORGAN, VIOLIN, and any orchestral instrument.

TUITION—$36 a term, allowing each pupil to pursue three different branches.

Board of Instruction:

B. F. BAKER, WM. SHULTZ,
J. W. TUFTS, J. W. ADAMS,
WULF FRIES, GEO. H. HOWARD.

For particulars address B. F. BAKER, No. 4 Rowe Place, Boston.

WILLIAM REAL, Secretary

sept 5—eod3w

TWINE.—Hemp, Cotton, Jute, and other Twines, for sale by sept 4 D. BUGBEE & CO.

TEAS! TEAS!

CHOICE JAPAN TEAS,
CHOICE OOLONG TEAS

For sale low by

R. Davis & Co.,

sept 4—2w 74 Exchange Street.

Flour!

CHOICE EXTRA and DOUBLE EXTRA

FLOUR,

For sale low by

R. Davis & Co.,

sept 4—2w 74 Exchange Street.

SCHOOL BOOKS,

New and

TELEGRAPHIC TO THE

Whig & Courier.

News from Washington

Statement of the Public Debt Debt September 1st.

POLITICAL MATTERS.

Meeting of the Legislature of South Carolina.

Commencement Exercises of Brown University.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.

Mr Chandler, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, will leave to-morrow on a tour of recreation. He will be absent about three weeks.

Workmen are still engaged in repairing and cleaning the various apartments in the Executive Mansion.

WASHINGTON, Sept, 5.

The following is a statement of the public debt of the United States on the first of September—

Debt bearing coin interest, $1,288,322.

Debt bearing Currency interest, $978,771,040.

Matured debt not presented for payment, $44,156;781,033.

Total debt, 272,831,485,595.

Amount in Treasury in coin, $7,633,391,827.

Amount in Treasury in Currency, $5,629,794,946.

Total in Trersury, $13,263,166,773.

Amount of debt less cash in Treasury, $259,568,316,822.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 5.

The Republicans of the 1st District have renominated General H. E. Paine for Congress.

Resolutions were passed approving his course in Congress, expressing sympathy with the loyal Southerners now in Convention at Philadelphia, and also wish Ireland and all other nations struggling for freedom.

SYRACUSE, Sept 5.

The State Republican Convention assembled here at noon to-day.

General Van Wyck was elected President of the Convention and made a long speech.

JACKSON, Mich., Sept. 5—1 p. m.

The Presidential train is now 85 miles from Detroit on the way to Chicago. The President has briefly addressed the people at Ypsilanti and Ann Harbor, and will make speeches at several other points before reaching Chicago.

BRATTLEBORO, Sept. 5.

The second days proceedings of the New England Fair have attracted a large concourse of people. Dr. George P. Loring, President of the Society, delivered his annual address on the ground at 11 o'clock.

Some fine races are arranged to come off this afternoon, to-morrow, and also on Friday.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Sept. 5.

The republicans of the 3d District have nominated Gen. C. C. Washburn for Congress.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

The steamer Eagle, from Havana 1st, has arrived.

The demolition of the city walls of Havana has recommenced in earnest.

A monetary panic was feared in Havana.

U. S. exchange 25@27c discount.

Provisions and freights high.

An official order has been published modifying the quarantine regulations. Vessels without sickness on board from the United States will undergo an observation of ten days at the port of their destination on the island, but those which have any cases of sickness or have lost any of the crew will be ordered to Mariel.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Sept. 5.

—— Churchill, Republican, was nominated for Congress in the 22d district to-day.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.

The trot to-day between Dexter, Butler and Patchen for a purse of $5000, was won by Dexter in three straight heats. Best time 2,24¼.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.

In the 2d congressional district, the conservatives nominated Stoneman Archer of Hartford county.

The 5th district democratic convention are now holding an adjourned session at Barnum's Hotel.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 5.

There were four fatal cases of cholera yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.

A meeting of the Northern delegates was held to-day, and long speeches were made by Henry Wilson, Gens. Schenck and B. F. Butler.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 5.

A large Union meeting held here last night at Metropolitan Theater was addressed by Senators Nye, Stewart and others.

The meeting adopted resolutions complimenting Messrs. Nye and Stewart.

Gen. Conner, commanding the department of Utah, arrived here Monday night.

Junction City, Kansas, Sept 5.

Gen. Pope to-day erected the initial stone of the Union Pacific Road, South Branch, with appropriate ceremonies, and the grading of the road commenced.

A party of surveyors are locating the road to the southern line of Kansas, via Neosha and Grand rivers.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 5.

A shocking accident occurred on the New York Central R. R., six miles east of this city, about five o'clock this evening. The steamboat express train which left Albany this morning was thrown from the track by a switch carelessly left open. The train was running fast and on a curve. The engineer gave the signal to brake up, and plunged from the engine. The locomotive run into the sand and turned over. The three cars next to the baggage run together like the joints of a telescope. Five persons were killed and 12 wounded.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 4.

The cigar makers convention met to-day and appointed committees on the internal revenue laws, &c., and adjourned.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

The sultry weather has had the effect to increase the cholera in this city. Eleven cases and seven deaths are reported in this city to-day, and four cases and two deaths in Brooklyn.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 5.

The deaths from cholera yesterday were seventy-five.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.

Gillander's glassworks, in Oxford Street, were destroyed by fire to-day. Loss 35,000.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept 5.

At Richman's extensive sale of Government tobacco to-day full prices were brought, leaf selling for $2,50 manufactured old and damaged, 42½c.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 5.

Cotton unchd—sales 970 bales—low middling, 31 a 32.

Sterling Exchange, 153 a 154.

McGarey, the Brenham, Texas, editor, arrested by Capt Craig of the freedman's bureau for using disrespectful language in regard to some of its employees, was released on the 4th by order of Gen. Kidder.

There were sixteen deaths from cholera yesterday.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Sept. 5.

The Legislature met in extra session to-day.

The Governor's message urged the modification of the negro code so as to extend jurisdiction by the civil courts over all classes of citizens and recommends the admission of negro evidence in all cases, as a measure of justice and policy, and declares the proposed stay law to be unwise, urges provision for impoverished people of the State rendered destitute by short crops, and suggests the sale of State bonds to raise funds for that purpose.

The message closed with a hopeful view for the recuperation of the State, and the restoration of the Union.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Sept. 5.

The office of L J Reed, attorney, of this city, was robbed on Monday of bonds stocks, notes and cash, amounting to $22,000.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 5.

The 5th congressional democratic convention, which met at Bladenburg yesterday, adjourned without nominations to meet today in Baltimore, and are now in session at Barnum's Hotel.

The Second District conservative convention also meets here to-day to nominate a candidate for Congress.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 5.

The Commencement exercises of Brown University occured to-day.

Honorary degrees were conferred as follows:

That of LL. D. on Rev. Rendall Brooks and Rev. George Dana Boardman, Philadelphia, Professor George Park Fisher, Yale College, Rev. Alexander Burgess, Portland.

That of A. M. on John Meredith Reed, jr, Albany, N. Y.; John Westall, Fall River; Hon. E. Samuel Currier, and Rev. W. H. Maury, of this city.

After the exercises of the graduating class, dinner was served in a tent on the college grounds.

Several addresses were made.

President Sears announced that five Rhode Island citizens have given $20,000 each to the fund of the University, and that $60,000 more had been subscribed by friends in Massachusetts.

CHICAGO, Sept. 5.

Flour active and firm at an advance of 10 cents.

Wheat unsettled—sales of No. 1 at 1,85 1,90, and 1,85½ for No. 2.

Corn firm—sales at 51½ a 51¾ for No. 1; 50 a 50½ for No 2.

Oats firm at 28½ a 29 for No. 1, and 24 a 24½ for No. 2.

Provisions dull.

Freights steady.

Receipts—7,000 bbls. flour; 84,000 bush. wheat, 336,000 bushels corn, 19,000 bushels oats.

Shipments—10,000 bbls flour, 12,000 bush. wheat, 93,000 bush. corn, and 30,000 bush. oats.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

The Commercial says—

Stocks are easier.

Governments quiet.

Money is easier.

Gold is rather firmer.

Exchange nominal.

MILWAUKIE, Sept. 5.

Flour dull.

Wheat at 1,80 for No. 1.

Corn 50½c for No. 1.

Oats 32½c.

Receipts—700 bbls flour; 3,000 bushels wheat; 00000 bush. of corn; 00,000 bushels of oats.

Shipments—13000 bbls flour; 28,000 bushels wheat.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 5.

Flour firm and unchanged.

Provisions are firm.

Mess Pork 33,00.

Gold 145½.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

Second Board. Stocks lower. American gold 146¼.

U S 5-20s, 111¼.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, Sept. 5.

Cotton active—sales 3000 bales — Middling 31 a 35c.

Flour—State and western 10 a 20 lower —sales 800 bbls—State 5,10@10,25; round hoop Ohio 8,10 @ 12,50; Western, 5,00@ 9,20. Southern dull—sales 250 bbls at 9,75 @16,25.

Wheat 2a3 lower—sales 19,000 bushels—amber State, new, 2,50 a 2,55.

Corn steady—sales 136,000 bush—mixed western 81 a 82.

Oats dull.

Beef steady.

Pork firmer—sales 7,650 bbls—new mess 33,05 a 3381.

Lard is dull—sales 810 bbls at 18 @ 20 per pound.

Sugars steady—sales 500 hhds—Muscovado 10½@11¼.

Naval stores firm.

Freights to Liverpool dull.

What Andrew Johnson Said.

When Andrew received the news of his nomination to the Vice Presidency he was in Memphis at the St. Cloud hotel. He made a speech accepting the nomination, and in the course of his remarks thus alluded to the necessity of securing the control of the government by loyal men:

I say that the traitor has ceased to be a citizen and in joining the rebellion has become a public enemy. He forfeited his right to vote with loyal men when he renounced his citizenship and sought to destroy our government. We say to the most honest and industrious foreigner who comes from England and Germany to dwell among us, and to add to the wealth of the country: "Before you can be a citizen you must stay here for five years." If we are so cautious about foreigners, who voluntarily renounce their homes to live with us, what should we say to the traitor who, although born and reared among us, has raised a parricidal hand against the government which always protected him? MY JUDGMENT IS, THAT HE SHOULD BE SUBJECTED TO A SEVERE ORDEAL BEFORE HE IS RESTORED TO CITIZENSHIP.

Vermont Leads the Colors with a Noble Gain.

It will be seen by the despatches from the Vermont election, which took place on Tuesday, that the Green Mountain State gives the Republican party of the union a noble upon Reconstruction, a policy by a rousing Republican GAIN of 5000 votes. We estimated, and then, too, on a less vote, a majority which was unprecedented.

LOCAL AND STATE ITEMS.

Decisions in Law.

The adjourned Law Term of the Supreme Judicial Court now sitting in Portland, has made the following decisions:

PENOBSCOT.

Ellis Friend Aplt. vs The County Commissioners of Penobscot County. Report in favor of appellant, rejected.

McCrillis. L. Barker.

AROOSTOOK.

Ebenezer C Blake vs Solomon Ham. Default to stand; plaintiff to recover full cost.

Madigan. Burnham.

—For nominations and appointments of political speakers see first page.

BLAINE AND PILLSBURY. We have received a special despatch from Portland stating that a "despatch to Mr. Pillsbury that Mr. Blaine had arrived at Bangor did not reach him in season to take the boat, but that he will meet Blaine at Augusta and Portland as advertised." Consequently Mr. Pillsbury will not be here to-day.—[Times, yesterday.

People cannot be humbugged by any such talk as this. Mr. Blaine sent a despatch on *Tuesday afternoon* that he *was going* to Bangor to meet Pillsbury, and the latter undoubtedly got information of that fact—*or, his friends kept it back!* They can take either horn they choose. It is well known that Mr. Pillsbury's friends *here* determined from the first that he *should not meet Mr. Blaine.* They were afraid to have him do so. It is admitted by the leaders themselves that they were prepared to demand such "conditions" as *could not be acceded to by us* We say they admit this now—and we mean what we say.

PENOBSCOT MUSICAL ASSOCIATION. Miss Annie L Cary, having unexpectedly changed her plan for the fall and winter, and gone to Europe to perfect herself in the Art of Music, the Penobscot Musical Association have secured the services of Miss Addie S. Ryan, of Boston, to take her place at their next session. Miss R has a high reputation as a singer, and generally accompanies the Mendelssohn Quintette Club in their rich entertainments.

The Association, as will be seen by their notice in another column, have also engaged Mr. H. E. Holt, Tenor Singer, to be present,—thus giving an additional attraction to their next session.

—The Republicans of Oldtown will hold a caucus this (Thursday) evening, at seven o'clock, at Veazie Hall, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative to the Legislature; after which, a public meeting will be had at Codman Hall which will be addressed by Hon. Lewis Barker.—Let all the people be present.

STANDS AFTER ALL. Ex-Governor Cross by last week declined the nomination for Congress made by the baker's dozen of "conservative" Johnson men who met at Ellsworth as a "mass meeting" for the Fifth District—but the copperhead candidate Wiswell, has since withdrawn, as we see by The Democrat, and *that* lovely party has now forced the fastidious Ex-Governor to accept their "sweet voices." He knows of course that an attempt to run Mr. Pike off the track with such backers will be a terrible failure—but he has put himself into their company and must suffer himself to be used by them. The Republicans are indifferent as to which branch of the copperhead party the opposing candidate is taken.

—Prof. Borra's Concert on Tuesday evening was well attended we understand. We were otherwise engaged, but learn from The Times that the selections were well rendered and gave great pleasure. In fact, for once certainly, an audience which had assembled for the purpose of being pleased, were not disappointed. Miss Ryan fully sustained her great reputation as a very superior artist. Mrs. Bugbee, Mrs. Mills, and Miss Darling were welcomed heartily, and did credit to their teaching.

The Times says that Mrs. Bugbee's accompaniments were tastefully rendered, and this is the more worthy of special notice as talent in this direction is so rare.

—Isaac Libbey, Esq., was nominated on Saturday as a candidate for Representative by the Republican Union men of the Charleston, Bradford and Lagrange district.

Elijah Chick, of Clifton, was nominated yesterday in the Milford districts for Representative, by the Republican Union men.

—We are indebted to our friend Josiah S. Bennoch, Esq., of Orono, for some magnificent specimens of his Penobscot plum, and also of one or two of his fine varieties of apples. He informs us that he has now in his five-acre orchard over one hundred varieties.

—The Portland horse railroads have done a better business since the fire than before, according to The Advertiser. In August they had 117,000 passengers.

—Bro. Prescott, of the Farmington Chronicle has been removed from the post office in that town, and one of the worst copperheads put in his place. He takes it coolly, congratulating himself that he has an Accidental Insurance policy, and adds, "anticipating an accident which would disable us from attending to our official business, we immediately after President Johnson's 22d of February speech, took out a "policy" against accidents, in the Travelers' Insurance company. We went into the Travelers' company because we foresaw that the nature of our accident might compel us to *travel.*"

—The Farmington Chronicle says

The State Normal School at this place commenced its session for the present term on the 22d inst. The entering class is large, and the maturity of character and earnestness which are shown by the individuals composing it presage for it a very honorable position in the relation which it will sustain to the institution.

—Thomas O'Donohue, a sea-faring man at Portland, was seized with cramp while bathing, and drowned on Tuesday.

—Senator Fessenden and Hon. Samuel McKee of Kentucky (a true Southern Union man) were to speak at Portland last evening.

—The Belfast Age says that Ex-Governor Crosby *has* received the appointment to the Belfast Custom House. He pays a part of the price he pays is his consent to run as copperhead candidate for Congress in the Fifth District. He previously refused to run as the "conservative" candidate. The Age says the Belfast Bread-and-Butter Board of Trade can neither seduce Mr. Postmaster Thurlow to "Johnsonize" in order to retain his place, nor find a Republican who will Johnsonize in order to *get* it. They are in a bad fix, inasmuch as the "arrangement" was to give the place to some "Republican."

THE PORTLAND OFFICES. The Press, speaking of the difficulty of recruiting for the Bread-and-Butter Brigade in that region, says: "One of our leading merchants was offered the Collectorship for his vote and influence for the copper-Johnson ticket, but declined. It is also reported that the Post Office was offered to another with no better success. It now appears that a raw recruit has been obtained in the town of Gray, although some doubt it. The bounty in this case is said to be Special Agent for the Post Office Department, the place now occupied by Hon. Wm. Hammett.

—The Freemasons of Portland are making arrangements to rebuild their hall, destroyed in the great fire.

—The Gardiner Journal relates the following singular case: "A cow belonging to Jefferson Brann, Esq., of West Gardiner, on Saturday last got to fighting with another cow, and was soon seen to fall, though there were no outward signs of violence.—She soon died. An examination soon showed that the horn of the other cow, though not piercing the skin had made a hole clear to her heart, and that there was a pailful of blood bled inwardly."

—A large number of volunteer staff officers were mustered out of office on the first of September, among them Brevet Colonel Charles H Whittlesey, Brevet Colonel C A Culley, Capt. Byron Potter, Capt Frederick Speed and Brevet Major W. W. Deane.

—The Press thus describes a fatal accident which occurred in Portland on Sunday last:

Some men were engaged in screwing up a one-story house in Bradley's court, near the foot of Centre street; the building slipped from the crew and fell into the cellar. A young man named Dan'l McCue was caught on the neck and breast by the building, pinned to the bricks in the cellar and instantly killed.

SEEKING FOR A LAWYER UNDER DIFFICULTIES. The Portland Star says: "We happened to be in a lawyer's office this morning and who should come in but the husband of the woman who was killed on Saturday evening on the Grand Trunk Railroad in this city. This man was in a peck of trouble, and we have no desire to be facetious on so solemn a subject, but appeared almost so with him, when he said in an excited manner that he wanted the smartest lawyer in town whom he could depend upon to sue the G. T. R. R. for $50,000. He further stated that the ground of his action was to be that *his wife was his only support!*"

Colonel Taylor, of Tennessee, who was through New England during the war, asking the people for aid for his Union friends, made sufferers by the rebels, is now speaking in Maine in aid of Johnson's policy to restore those friends to the tender mercies of the same rebels, without condition or restraint. He is now applauded and serenaded by the copperheads, who hissed him when he was here before. Poor business for him—and poor backers.

—The actual loss of the Nassau Bank of New York by the defalcation of its gambling paying teller is now stated to be not in excess of fifty thousand dollars. The surplus of the bank is over $200,000.

—Steam-tug Hobomok, Small, from Baltimore for Morehead City, was burned on the morning of the 30th, in the Chesapeake, caught fire in the lower part of the engine room about 1 a. m., and all efforts to extinguish it proved unsuccessful. She was owned by H S Hagar, of Richmond, Me., and had just been thoroughly overhauled and repaired, having been badly damaged by fire at Wilmington, N. C., in March last.

The Methodist Camp Meeting closed last Saturday morning. The weather was fine during the week, and the attendance the largest ever known. The multitude on Thursday was immense. We hear of but one accident, which was the overturning of one of the coaches at the corner coming from the ground, by which a lady was quite severely injured. Good order was maintained at the grounds. The preaching was above the average, and the exercises throughout were interesting.—[Belfast Age.

MR. HAMLIN'S RESIGNATION. The Boston Daily Advertiser says:—

The bold and manly course taken by Mr. Hamlin will be widely commended, and indeed so far as it has become known has already met a very general approval, except from the members of the opposition party, who naturally feel hurt. One gentleman was heard yesterday afternoon to say enthusiastically that "Mr. Hamlin deserved to be "made President of the United States." We do not know that Mr. Hamlin is troubled with aspirations of this kind, considering the extent to which his ambition has already been gratified, but we believe he does care for the approbation of his fellow-citizens and of his own conscience, and to have this is much better than to be President.

—A gentlemen from Bridgeport met with a singular accident at Pittsfield, Mass., the other day. While running across a croquet field, he caught his foot in one of the wickets and fell. In falling he struck with his hand one of the mallets in such a way that it flew up and hit him in the eye, inflicting a severe wound. Instances have been known where gentlemen received wounds on the croquet fields, from which they never recovered—not from the mallets, however.

[*Advertisement.*]

EQUALITY AMONG MEN. Much depends upon the state of their finances, as well as their education and good behavior. Just so in the quality of Soap, much depends upon the material from which it is made. Those who buy Pyle's "O. K.," will have that which is made from pure stock, on the English plan, and which soon gets hard and bids defiance to the extravagant consumer. Thus far it has no equal for general usefulness. Sold by grocers everywhere.

How the President Treats Southern Union men.

The only true Union men of the South—those who stood by the country through the fire and smoke of the war and suffered untold persecution therefor, are now holding a convention by their delegates at Philadelphia—*because they dare not hold one in the late rebel States.* President Johnson treats them as follows, through the organ of *his* Union organization—the "Constitutional Union" of Washington:—threatening to cut off the head of every government employee who attends. His mouth piece says:

It is the bogus Southern Convention. A number of persons who hold positions in the Government Departments have left town within a day or two, part on a leave of absence for their health; but their intentions are not to go home, but to attend the Philadelphia Convention, yclept Southern. These worthies should be looked after, as the day of reckoning is near at hand; perhaps their various healths are so greatly debilitated that a long relaxation may do them a heap of good."

The People Aroused.

Our friends at Orono had a rousing Republican meeting on Tuesday evening to hear Judge Godfrey and Major Fenno. A friend in that town says there was never before, so earnest, *united* and determined a feeling there and in that vicinity, against copperheadism and every other shade of rebellion. Every Republican vote will be out, and the town stands better and stronger than ever before. This report is similar to those from every section of the county and State. The people are aroused—*exasperated*—at the traitorous course of President Johnson, and at the rebel-copperhead coalition organized by him and his friends. If we are not much mistaken, Maine will speak next Monday in a voice that will carry astonishment and terror to the hearts of the men who have deserted their principles at the call of a perjured President, and will admonish *him* that his time is short.

GEN. LOGAN AND THE PRESIDENT. A Washington letter-writer gives the following account of an incident which happened in that city:

A little incident related of Gen. Logan and the President will well illustrate the passionate determination of the latter.—When Logan was here last, he called at the White House and obtained a private interview with Mr. Johnson. It was a couple of days before he spoke in denunciation of the Presidential course. The Illinois soldier expostulated with the Tennessee executive as to the policy of the latter, assuring him of his mistake, and declaring the people generally opposed to his policy. This the President doubted. Gen. Logan, with friendly but emphatic language, assured him that the West was determined that the South should not come back except upon their terms. The West would not submit to less. "By God," was Mr. Johnson's insolent reply, "I will make them. They shall submit." "Mr. President, they won't do it," said Gen. Logan, "not if in resisting the attempt they have to hang you and Jeff Davis on the same tree?" Of course, the interview was abruptly terminated. Andrew Johnson continues his attempt at the consummation of "my policy", and John A. Logan is at work on the prairies rousing the people to that sense of danger which the accidental President has contrived to arouse in the breast of every earnest man with whom he has come in contact.

He Will Probably Get It.

The Boston Advertiser's special says:

It is understood that the friends of Dr. Mudd, one of the assassination conspirators now undergoing sentence at the Dry Tortugas for life, are getting up an immense petition, to be signed by the residents of the three lower counties of Maryland, where the doctor resided, praying for his pardon.

Why not? Rebels must be conciliated"—and the Doctor was only doing rebel work when he aided in the murder of President Lincoln.

Demijohnsonism.

One of President Johnson's organs in New York city says of the Johnson dinner, at Delmonico's:

No limit was placed as to the cost of the dinner or wines. * * * *

The dinner acctually cost $25,000 or $100 to each plate. *A large part* of this extravagant expense is to be charged to *the wines.* * * * * There were eight different varieties during the dinner, &c.

Startling Announcement!

Save Your Hair and Preserve Your Beauty.

Why should you lose them when *Pease's Vegetable Hair Renewer* can be applied and save both?—If your hair is faded and gray it will restore it perfectly natural. It will prevent its falling off and promote a new growth. It cleanses the head, cures diseases of the scalp. It cures extreme cases of sick head-ache. It is the best coloring and dressing combined in the land. No dirt, no smell of sulphur, which is so offensive to yourself and friends. Ask for Peases', and take no other. Sole agency at the *Bangor Botanic Drug Store.* The trade supplied at lowest terms. june 20—sn 6m

Once Used, It Recommends Itself.

THE

"Diarrhœa Remedy"

Is the Best Thing in the World

FOR CURING

Cholera Morbus, Dysentery,

and all cases of Summer Complaint so prevalent at this season of the year.

SAFE, PLEASANT, RELIABLE.

So agreeable to the taste that children take it with pleasure. *Every bottle warranted.* "No cure, no pay."

Sold in large or small quantities by

BLOOD & ROWE,

july18—sntf 121 Exchange Street, Bangor.

Sanford's Independent Line.

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL

Arrangement for the Season of 1866.

The Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. J. H. Johnson, will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY and THURSDAY forenoon, at 11 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay.

RETURNING,

Leaves Foster's Wharf, Boston, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5½ o'clock, P. M., touching as above.

FARE—From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $4 00; to Lowell $5 00. Meals extra.

No extra hazardous freight taken. All freight must be accompanied by a bill of lading in duplicate.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent

Bangor, April 15, 1866. dxw

KNOWLES'

Vegetable Hair Restorer!

AS A HAIR PREPARATION this stands without a rival—has proved itself by the thousands who have tested its virtues for the past three years,

THE ONLY RELIABLE RESTORER

Of Gray, Faded, or Diseased Hair, to its original color, condition and former beauty.

It is not a *Dye*, being a Vegetable Compound, and not injurious in its application; but is warranted to restore Gray, Faded, or Diseased Hair to its original color in 20 days.

By its invigorating properties, promotes a luxuriant growth on Bald Heads, in all cases where such a result is possible; prevents the hair from falling off; eradicates dandruff, humors, and all other impurities from the scalp; and as a Restorer and Dressing combined, it has no equal.

The great and increasing sales of this preparation attest the high value in which it is held, and the fact that its reputation has been established solely upon its own merit and worth—the trial of a single bottle will convince the most skeptical of its virtues.

Prepared by WM. H. KNOWLES, Nashua, N. H.

B. F. BRADBURY, Wholesale & Retail Agent.

July 27.—3mdxw

BANGOR

Horticultural Society Exhibitions.

The Society gives notice that it will give two exhibitions this year at the City Hall as follows:

The first on Wednesday and Thursday Sept. 12th and 13th, when premiums for *FLOWERS, PLUMS, TOMATOES & FANCY ARTICLES*, will be awarded.

The second on Tuesday and Wednesday Oct. 2d and 3d, for the display of all the articles of domestic industry, gardens and farms then in season.—Due notice of the premiums offered for that exhibition will be given.

Competition will be open to all whether members of the society or not, and all are requested to show at the first exhibition such specimens of new or valuable fruits and vegetables as will be out of season in October.

Suitable gratuities will be given for any article of special merit. W. C. CROSBY,

sept 4 Secretary.

Portland!

Deering, Milliken & Co.,

Wholesale Dry Goods,

31 Commercial St.

DEERING, MILLIKEN, & CO, beg to announce to their *FRIENDS* and the *TRADE* that they have secured a commodious Store on Commercial Street, and are now prepared to show as complete a line of DRY GOODS as were ever offered in this city.—They design to keep *even a larger* Stock than heretofore.

No effort will be spared to meet the wants of the trade, and to deserve, retain and extend their connections.

Purchasers are assured that no necessity shall exist for going *beyond* this city for Dry Goods.

july 23—sn 3taw3m.

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

A superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery.* Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists. feb 17—sn d&w1y

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully,

SMOLANDER'S

EXTRACT BUCKU

IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.

Take No Other Bucku.

Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO., and N. S. HARLOW, and by Apothecaries generally. Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.

W. W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.

mch 7 sn d&w1y

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the inhabitants of the City of Bangor, qualified to vote for Representatives, that warrants have been issued to H. B. FARNHAM, a Constable of said City, to notify the said inhabitants to assemble at the usual places in each of the Wards in said City, on MONDAY, the 10th day of September instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to act on the following articles, to wit:

To give in their votes for a GOVERNOR of the State, three *Senators*, and three *Representatives* to the State Legislature; a *County Treasurer*, a *County Commissioner*, a *Sheriff* for the County of Penobscot and a *Representative* in the next Congress of the United States.

The places of meetings are as follows, viz:

Ward One, at the school-house corner of York and Essex street, in said Ward.

Ward Two, at the City Hall, in said Ward.

Ward Three, at the school-house on Union street, between Third and Fourth streets, in said Ward.

Ward Four, at the school-house on Bower street, in said Ward.

Ward Five, at the school-house on Pine street, in said Ward.

Ward Six, at the school-house on Spring street, in said Ward.

Ward Seven, at the school-house on Pearl street, in said Ward.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Aldermen will be in session, at the Aldermen's Room in the City Hall, in said City, on the 6th, 7th and 8th days of September instant, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 1 o'clock P. M., and also from 2 to 5 o'clock, in each of said days, to correct the list of said voters.

Warrants calling said meetings, and also lists of the voters in said Wards, are posted at the several places of meeting. Per order:

Sept. 3, 1866 GEO. W. SNOW, City Clerk.

DRY GOODS

—AT—

RINES & NICHOLS,

JUST OPENED,

A FULL STOCK OF

Autumn and Winter Goods,

—AT—

NO. 17 MAIN STREET.

August 27th.—tf

Penobscot Log Driving Company.

THE Directors of the Penobscot Log Driving Company, will be in session at the office of A. W. PAINE, in Bangor, on WEDNESDAY the twelfth day of September next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of making assessments upon the owners of logs in the present year's drive, to pay the expenses of said drive and incidental charges, agreeably to the provisions of the Charter and Acts additional thereto.

By order of Directors.

ALBERT W. PAINE,

Bangor, August 28, 1866.—2wd Clerk.

The Best in the Market.

THE PATENT TURN TABLE

APPLE PARERS,

WITH COMBINATION HEAD.

For sale low at wholesale and retail, by

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ,

Nos. 139 and 141 Exchange Street,

aug 27 Bangor, Maine.

T. HERSEY

HAS THE AGENCY OF

HOWE'S

Celebrated Sewing Machine

AT

No. 20 Main Street,

aug 21

STOLEN!

FROM NORTON & DOBLE'S Carriage Shop in Oldtown, about the first of August, the

RUNNING GEAR TO A CONCORD WAGON,

Built very stout, large hubs, bent rims, tires nailed to them—a strip of half round iron is riveted to the underside, and runs the whole length of the two outside perches,—axles 1¼ inch, springs attached to the sides; all parts painted a dark brown.

A liberal reward will be paid for information leading to its recovery, or the conviction of the thief. T. M. CHAPMAN.

aug 29—2w*

Oil and Candles.

LARD, SPERM, AND WHALE OIL, OLIVE, Elaine, and Red Oil, Kerosene and Machinery Oil, Sperm & Adamantine Candles, and Soap.

For sale by, BRADSHAW & PATCH,

aug13 tu No. 7 Central Wharf, Boston

Silver Ware to Order.

TABLE, TEA, SUGAR, and BERRY SPOONS; Cream, Oyster, Soup, and Gravy Ladles; Pickle, Olive, and Table Forks; Pie, Butter, and Pickle Knives;

Made from Coin Silver,

BOTH PLAIN AND ENGRAVED.

Sign is and leave your order at No. 1 Exchange Block. JOHN H. BURKE.

August 23—2w

For Sale.

ONE NEW TOP BUGGY, Made by H. Shower & Harlow. Enquire of S. GARNSEY, 16 Main street.

aug 25—3taw2w

For Sale Cheap.

HOUSE LOTS ON ELM STREET.

SAML. A. GILMAN,

August 7—3m No. 5 Smith's Block.

House for Sale,

ON UNION STREET, recently occupied by the subscriber. Terms liberal.

For further information inquire at No. 4 Broad Street. N. H. BRAGG.

aug 13—tf

Tenement for Sale.

Corner of French and Garland Streets.—Enquire at 44 Exchange Street.

June 14 M. LINCOLN.

HOTEL

FOR SALE OR RENT. Enquire of

may 7 S. H. BLAKE.

For Sale.

MY DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, situated on Bower street, in Bangor.

Apply to J. CHAMBERLAIN,

Office, corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.

april 16—tf

THROUGH TICKETS

TO THE

WEST!

$6.00 less than at any other office, via the

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through Boston or New York, from Bangor, to the West, North and South West.

For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square. WM. FLOWERS,

jan 18, 1866 Eastern Agent.

FLOUR!

300 BARRELS

CHOICE EXTRA STATE FLOUR,

200 BARRELS

EXTRA & DOUBLE EXTRA WESTERN,

Now on hand and are constantly receiving from the West. Also,

Cuba & Muscovado Molasses,

TEAS and TOBACCOS,

AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

For sale low at Wholesale, by

Bragg & Wescott,

25 *BROAD STREET.*

aug 3—tf

JOSEPH FORBES,

Merchant Tailor,

129 Exchange Street, 129.

Having received a New Stock of Cloths, Fancy Doeskins, &c., is now prepared to make them up to measure in style and workmanship inferior to none.

With the experience and present facilities, we feel assured of giving satisfaction to all.

FURNISHING GOODS as above, and prices as low as the *lowest.*

SMALL PROFITS AND READY PAY.

August 15th, 1866.—3mdwlm

Molasses!

JUST RECEIVED—100 HHDS. and TIERCES, Choice Muscovado and Clayed

MOLASSES.

—ALSO—

Sugars, Teas, Pork, Lard, Fish, Salt, &c

At wholesale only, at AYER & WEED'S,

april 20 116 and 118 Broad St., Bangor.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail, by

may 9 JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON

Mill Property for Sale.

THE undersigned, wishing to effect a change in his business, will sell—

1 SET FRENCH BURR STONE,

1 SET GRANITE STONES,

BOLTER, CLEANSER, SMUTT-MILL,

SCREW FOR RAISING STONES,

ELEVATORS, DRUMS, SPINDLES,

And all the other gearing needful to set a Grist Mill in operation.

Call and examine the property at South Levant, Maine. GEORGE R. FERNALD.

aug. 13—3wd&w*

The Best Assortment

—OF—

Choice Family Groceries,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE,

FOR SALE AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

june 21—6md

Choice Brands Flour!

COLE'S "F F F G,"

TIRDMAN'S

AND PLANT'S.

CHOICE OOLONG AND JAPAN TEA.

Just received, a fine lot of

MEENER'S Dairy CHEESE.

HARRIS & CONN, R.

July 12, 1866. 53 West Market Sqr

OPENING!

NEW GOODS

—AT—

Thompson & Hichborn's,

june 12 No. 40 Main Street.

Portable Steam Engines.

COMBINING the maximum of efficiency, durability, and economy, with the minimum of weight and price. They are widely and favorably known, more than 600 being in use. All warranted satisfactory, or no sale. Descriptive circulars sent on application. Address

J. C. HOADLEY & CO.,

July 12 3m Lawrence, Mass.

Livery Notice.

The Co-Partnership in the Livery Business of L. NICHOLS & CO., having been dissolved by the sale to us of the interest of Mr. NICHOLS in said concern, we hereby notify the public that we shall carry on the LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT at the Old Billings Stand, in all its departments and accommodations as heretofore, under the name and style of *VICKERY & SARGENT.*

DAVID VICKERY.

DANA SARGENT.

Bangor, July 31st, 1866. aug 1

Dry Hop Yeast.

THE BEST YEAST EVER USED. Sold warranted by the Agent.

N. S. HARLOW,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

Prunes for Cooking!

A NOTHER SMALL LOT of these choice Turkish *PRUNES*, going very fast.

N. S. HARLOW,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

Cerealina!

THE BEST PREPARATION made of wheat, for Puddings, Tea Cakes, and other nice cookery.

N. S. HARLOW,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

Dandelion Coffee!

For Weak Digestion, Disordered Liver, &c., The best substitute for Coffee.

N. S. HARLOW,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.* july 23

September.

HARPER, Godey, Demorest, & Leslie's Gazette of Fashion, received by

D. BUGBEE & CO.

aug 25

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Whig & Courier

MODERN COMFORTS!—It is very common to talk of the 'good old times' of a few centuries back, and there are some who live so entirely in the romance of the past, that their eyes are shut to the conveniences and comforts that modern science, skill and intelligence have provided. History seldom presents us with the details of the domestic life of our forefathers, and as posterity colors and groups them for her particular purpose, we insensibly become used to looking back upon the 'olden time' with a reverence that hides its imperfections and exaggerates its virtues. But this 'olden time' was without doubt vastly inferior to the present age, in morality, intelligence and refinement, whilst it was utterly destitute of the comforts and appliances which now constitute so important an item in the aggregate of human happiness. Some of our most common enjoyments were in the middle age unprocurable even by the wealthy. Indeed, when we come to examine how our ancestors lived, we almost wonder why they lived.

A Roman Senator, who in the Emperor's palmy days possessed estates in Naples and Britain from which he drew an income that would be equivalent to a royal revenue in this day, had neither glass to his windows nor a shirt to his back, and when he rode in his coach of solid gold, without spring or covering, might envy our laborer who goes out to his work in a railroad car. An Earl of Northumberland breakfasted off pewter trenchers and dined in state off of wooden and laid up in safety. Not a cabbage, carrot, turnip, or other edible root, grew in England during the early part of the reign of Henry the Eighth, and from the scarcity of fodder, fresh meat was only obtainable during the summer, salted hog's flesh being generally used by all classes the rest of the year. So important an article, then, was cattle, that it was known as 'live money,' and our word 'capital,' which signifies stock generally, was derived from the Latin word 'capita,' or heads of beasts. The etymology of the law term 'chattels,' is similar.

Queen Elizabeth was satisfied to breakfast off of a tankard of ale, and dreamed not of the day when tea, coffee and sugar would become necessaries to the poorest household in her kingdom.

A PYRAMID IN THE WEST. A party of five young men, while on an exploring expedition recently along the Colorado river, discovered an immense pyramid on a barren plain. It was composed of layers of stone from eighteen inches to nearly three feet in thickness, and from five to eight feet in length. It had a level top of more than fifty feet square, though it was evident that it had been completed, and that some great convulsion of nature had displayed its entire top, as it was evidently lying on one of its sides, a huge and broken mass, nearly covered by the sand. Its present length is one hundred and four feet, and it must have been formerly full twenty feet higher. This pyramid differs in some respects from the Egyptian pyramids. It is, or was, more slender or pointed; and while those of Egypt are composed of steps or layers, receding as they rise, this American pyramid was, undoubtedly, a more finished structure. The outer surface of the blocks was evidently cut to an angle that gave the structure, when new and complete, a smooth or regular surface from top to bottom.

The following curious story is related by a naturalist. "Last summer, while walking in my park, I observed a green woodpecker alight on the ground some fifty paces before me, look around to see if he was observed, then lie down and simulate death by stretching out himself motionless, and hanging out his tongue as far as possible. He occasionally pulled in his bill. He had selected a place near an ant hill. The ants thinking him dead, would cover his tongue to devour it when it was black with ants he would swallow them, and repeat the trick until his maw could hold no more."

Young lady sweeping the street with a trail two yards long! A young man stepped upon it, partly tearing it from the waist. She turned slowly upon him and said, 'Sir you are a rowdy.' He retorted, 'Madam, you are a dowdy.' 'If I were a man I would thrash you,' said she. 'If you were pretty, I would kiss you,' said he. 'This is insufferable,' said the lady, gathering up her cambric and turning away. 'That is true,' he said, 'whether your remark applies to yourself, your dress, or the weather.'

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the style and firm of

HILLS & BAKER,

for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOT, SHOE, HAT & CAP BUSINESS.

At the old stand recently occupied by Wm. Margesson, Esq., West end Kenduskeag Bridge.

S. R. HILLS, J. P. BAKER.

Bangor, May 1st, 1866.

Having purchased the Boot and Shoe Stock of WM. MARGESSON, consisting of a general assortment of

Mens' and Womens' Custom Work,

Nearly all of which was manufactured by Mr. Margesson, we have added an extensive and carefully selected stock of

LADIES' MISSES' & CHILDRENS

BOOTS and SHOES,

From the best manufacturers in New England. Also, a fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS

OF THE LATEST STYLES.

All of which are fresh and new. We shall continue the Boot and Shoe, together with the Hat and Cap business; also,

Custom Work and Repairing

done to order and at short notice.

Particular attention given to repairing, as we have one of the BEST workmen in that department in the city. We would say to all old customers that we shall continue to keep a large stock of Mr. Margesson's CUSTOM BOOTS and SHOES, which we shall sell at the lowest prices.

MR. HILLS having had long experience in the business the past four years of which has been in the employ of Maj. Thos. Hersey, of this city, feels confident that he can serve satisfactorily all who may favor him with a call.

We would solicit a continuance of old patronage, and invite all our friends and the public generally to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HILLS & BAKER,

AT THE MARGESSON STAND,

West End Kenduskeag Bridge.

Bangor, July 4th, 1866. 43m—w6m

J. P. BASS

HA TAKEN THE AGENCY OF

Barrett's Dye House,

The Best in this Country.

ALL KINDS OF GOODS CLEANSED and COLORED. Kid Gloves Cleansed and Colored. Customers leaving Goods to be colored will only be charged the regular Boston rates.

ATLANTIC and YOUNG FOLKS for September. Received by E. F. DUREN.

SCOTCH RULERS, Inkstands, and fresh Stationery, for sale by E. F. DUREN.

Hair Restoratives

Figure and go to Head Quarters for one and all Hair Restoratives. E. F. BRADBURY, Agent. aug 14

BUSINESS CARDS.

BOWEN & JOHNSTON,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES AND

CHANDLERY,

No. 12 Exchange Street.

GEORGE BOWEN. T. K. JOHNSTON.

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates. march 13 tf

J. H. CLERGUE

BARBER,

AND

Ladies' and Gents'

Wig-Maker,

Has removed to No. 13 Exchange St. over Bloom & Rowe's.

dec22 Ladies' Entrance No. 115.

Stevens, Haskell & Chase

JOBBERS OF

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers,

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

HAVE REMOVED TO

No. 33 Commercial Street,

july13 may 16—6m* PORTLAND

WATCHES!

NEW STOCK—JUST RECEIVED

ALSO,

Fans, Spectacles, Albums, Jewelry, Pipes, Violin and Guitar Strings, Clocks, &c.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Fans, Pipes, &c. Repaired at

Daniel White's,

No. 2 Kenduskeag Bridge.

july 20

Picture Frame Maker, and Furnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call; and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying the my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames in every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, at

WM. TODD'S Gilding Establishment.

July 25, 1864—tf

PUMP AND BLOCK MANUFACTORY!

The Subscriber continues to Manufacture

Ship Blocks & Pumps,

Well Pumps made, and warranted to work easy and give satisfaction.

Repairing done in all branches at short notice.

JOHN C. YOUNG,

—tfpd No. 73 Broad Street, Bangor.

CHOICE TEAS!

Rio & Java Coffee,

Sugar of all kinds,

Clear & Mess Pork,

Corn, Meal & Flour,

Syrup and Molasses,

Soaps,

Spices of all kinds,

And a General Assortment

—OF—

GROCERIES

—AT—

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

Sewing Machines.

GENERAL DEPOT.

Singer's, Wheeler & Wilson, Sloat, Grover & Baker, Leavitt.

MACHINES

OF THESE CELEBRATED MAKERS.

For Sale at 24 Main Street,

By Charles Hale.

Bangor, June 13th, 1866. 3taw—3m

WAR CLAIMS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,

By Perkins & Smith,

Office—2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge,

BANGOR, MAINE.

NATHAN L. PERKINS, DANIEL SMITH, JR.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office as above. may 31—3m

Chase's Improved Microscope

MOST amusing thing in the world. Adapted to all trades and professions, counterfeit money, cloth, seeds, living insects, prepared objects, pictures, &c., &c. For sale by

CHAS. HIGHT,

aug 4 No. 3 Smith's Blo

SHERBROOKE, by the author of Madge, received by D. BUGBEE & CO.

aug 23

Rockland Lime.

500 CASKS ROCKLAND LIME, on hand. Fresh lime received weekly. For sale by

KYES, TREAT & CO.,

June Opposite Penobscot Exchange.

Paints, Oils,

Drugs, Medicines,

Window Glass & Dye Stuffs.

Cr s & Williams,

NOS. 5 and 9 COMMERCIAL WHARF,

may 14 BANGOR, Me.

THE KIDNEYS.

The kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat and, consisting of three parts, viz.: The Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine and convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube and called the Ureter. The ureters are connected with the Bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability, others urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in children. To cure these affections we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel or Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect his bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.

Pain occurring in the loins is indicative of the above disease. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky concretions.

THE GRAVEL.

The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys. These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes inverish and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed and gravel ensues.

DROPSY.

Is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz.: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.

Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidney, gravel, dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and gouty affections. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water, scanty secretion or small and frequent discharges of water, Strangury or stopping of water, Hematuria or bloody urine, Gout and Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase of chlorine in the water. It was always highly recommended, by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy exercise, by which the watery or calcareous depositions and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and is taken by

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., February 25, 1857.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist.

Dear Sir: I have been a sufferer, for upwards of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experiencing but little relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies hereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of *buchu, cubeb, and juniper berries*, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a full statement of my case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you are more satisfactory to me.

I continue able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections.

M. McCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. Wm. Bigler, ex-Governor of Pennsylvania.
Hon. Thos. B. Florence, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. Knox, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. S. Black, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. Porter, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. Ellis Lewis, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. R. C. Grier, Judge, United States Court.
Hon. G. W. Woodward, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. Porter, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. John Bigler, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. El Banks, Auditor-Genl'l Washington, D.C.
And many others, if necessary.

Principal Depot, HELMBOLD'S DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE, 594 Broadway, Metropolitan Hotel, New York.

Sold by Druggists everywhere.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.

oct 3—3tawdawly

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SURGEON GENERAL'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 10th, 1866.

[ADVERTISEMENT.]

AN Army Medical Board, to consist of Brevet Colonel J. B. Brown, Surgeon U. S. A., President, Brevet Lieutenant Colonel H. R. Wirtz, Surgeon U. S. A., Brevet Lieutenant Colonel Anthony Hoger, Surgeon, U. S. A., and Brevet Major Warren Webster, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. A., Recorder, will meet in New York City on the 20th of September, next, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Staff of the U. S. Army.

Applicants must be 21 years of age, and physically sound.

Applications for an invitation to appear before the Board should be addressed to the Surgeon General U. S. A., and must state the full name, residence, and date and place of birth of the candidate. Testimonials as to character and qualifications must be furnished. If the applicant has been in the Medical Service of the Army during the war, the fact should be stated, together with his former rank, and time and place of service, and testimonials from the officer with whom he has served should also be forwarded.

No allowance is made for the expenses of persons undergoing the examination, as it is an indispensible prerequisite to appointment.

There are at present sixty vacancies in the Medical Staff, forty-six of which are original, being created by the Act of Congress, approved July 28th, 1866.

JOS. K. BARNES,
Surgeon General U. S. A.

August 15—3taw tOct 15

American & Foreign Patents.

R. H. EDDY,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

Late Agent of the U. S. Patent Office, Washington, under the Act of 1837.

No. 78 State Street, (opposite Kelby street) Boston.

AFTER an extensive practice of upwards of twenty years, continues to secure Patents in the United States; also in Great Britain, France and other foreign countries. Caveats, Specifications, Bonds, Assignments, and all papers or drawings for Patents, executed on reasonable terms, with dispatch. Researches, made into American and Foreign works, to determine the validity and utility of Patents of Inventions, and legal and other advice rendered in all matters touching the same. Copies of the claims of any patent furnished by remitting one dollar. Assignments recorded in Washington.

No Agency in the United States possesses superior facilities for obtaining Patents, or ascertaining the patentability of inventions.

During eight months the subscriber, in the course of his large practice, made on *twice* rejected applications SIXTEEN PATENTS; *seven* of which was decided *in his favor* by the Commissioner of Patents.

TESTIMONIALS.

"I regard Mr. Eddy as one of the *most capable and successful* practitioners with whom I have had official intercourse. CHAS. MASON,
Commissioner of Patents.

"I have no hesitation in assuring inventors that they can not employ a man *more competent and trustworthy*, and more capable of putting their applications in a form to secure for them early and favorable consideration at the Patent Office.
EDMUND BURKE,
Late Commissioner of Patents.

"Mr. R. H. Eddy has made for me THIRTEEN applications, in all but *ONE* of which patents have been granted, and that one is *now pending*. Such unmistakable proof of great talent and ability on his part leads me to recommend all inventors to apply to him to procure their patents, as they may be sure of having the most faithful attention bestowed on their cases, and very reasonable charges. M. TAGHART."

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NOTICE!

TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tipling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next. E. L. PARHAM,
City Marshal.

may 16

THE LARGEST STOCK

—OF—

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

TABLE CUTLERY,

IN BANGOR,

FOR SALE LOW BY

Fogg Bridges.

may 15

CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR

DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.

STRANGURY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips. A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will relieve you like magic.

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and juniper in the treatment of these diseases, and only use them for the want of a better remedy.

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

DIURETICS

irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

STROUDSBURG, PA., Jan 20, 1866.

DR. GREGG:

Dear Sir:—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit. I had lost all confidence, and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy, and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations about 1200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,

MRS. MARGILL C. LEVANWAY.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little and accompanied by severe pain, and the other a too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases, be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flashes of Heat, Languor, Lassitude, and Dimness of Vision.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

DANVILLE, Pa., June, 1862.—*Dr. William H. Gregg—Dear Sir*:—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured soon after regaining my usual good health.

Yours truly, J. V. L. DE WITT.

BOSTON CORNERS, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1861.—*Wm. H Gregg & Co.—Gents*:—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate of the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner:—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and in her limbs, with *palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder*. I called a physician, who attended her about three months, when he left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months, and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up, and said "*her case was incurable. For," said he, "she has such a combination of complaints that medicine given for one operates against some other of her difficulties.*" About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water, and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs. She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has produced a permanent cure.

WM. M. VAN HEUSCHOTEN.

WEATHERSFIELD, Conn., March 2, 1863.—*Dr. Wm H. Gregg—Dear Sir*:—Having seen your advertisement of "Constitution Water," recommended for Inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the Bladder, having suffered for the past three years, and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief, I was induced to try your medicine. I procured one bottle of your agents at Hartford, Messrs. Lee, Sisson & Co., and when, I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health. I have used two bottles of it and am where I never expected to be in my life, well, and in good spirits. I cannot express my gratitude for it. I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be. May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love.

Yours truly, LEONARD S. BIGLOW.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM. H. GREGG & CO.,
Proprietors.

MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
No. 48 Cliff St., New York.

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.,
Boston.

april 14—3tawsow—d&wly

NICHOLS HOUSE.

The undersigned having leased, for a long term, and thoroughly renovated and refitted the NICHOLS HOUSE (late "Dwinel House") in Bangor, has this day re-opened the same to the public accommodation.

This Hotel is centrally located, and in close proximity with the Boats and Cars.

The Proprietor has had a long experience in the "Parker House," of East Corinth, and the "Shaw House," of Newport, and flatters himself that to all patrons he will furnish an agreeable and comfortable home. Every effort and expense will be used to make this House as popular and attractive as any in this section of the State.

Livery Stable connected with the House.

Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.

Lemuel Nichols,

Bangor, Feb. 23, 1866 (Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repaired the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HUNTRESS, as Clerk. And by his experience he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—*or any other man.*

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.

Houlton, July 1, 1865. 1y6

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Travelling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.

Bangor, November 10, 1864.

RING'S

Vegetable Ambrosia,

FOR

GRAY HAIR.

This is the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Man who was bald and gray,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Maiden, handsome and gay,
Who now has raven locks, they say.
He used the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Parson, who, by the way,
Married the maiden, handsome and gay,
To the man once bald and gray,
But who now has raven locks, they say,
Because he used the Cure that lay
In the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

This is the Bell that rings away
To arouse the people old and gay
Unto this fact, which here does lay—
If you would not be bald or gray,
Use the AMBROSIA that Ring made.

E. M. TUBBS & CO., PROPRIETORS, PETERBORO', N.H.

WARREN L. ALDEN & CO., General Agents. Main St., Bangor. june 15—3taw d&w3m

BARRETT'S

THE

BEST VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE.

B.R.

Is creating a sensation among the friends of those who have had their gray hair restored to its youthful color, and those whose bald heads have been covered with a luxuriant growth of hair. It so changes and improves their looks that intimate acquaintances scarcely recognize each other. For sale by druggists, of whom circulars can be obtained containing testimony to prove what we have intimated.

Home Proof.

MR. BARRETT:

DEAR SIR,—Having used a bottle of your "VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE" after having tried many other kinds without success, I am happy to accord to it the *ne plus ultra* of ALL Hair Preparations in the world, and do myself sincerely and cheerfully recommend it to the public as such.

YOURS, &c., JOHN FRANKLIN,
No. 6 Tremont street, Boston.

Testimony from Abroad.

Messrs. J. R. BARRETT & Co:

I was induced by a friend to make a trial of BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE, and I am very much pleased with the effect it has had on my hair. I was nearly half gray, and now, before using one bottle, my head is freed from dandruff, and my hair has all the appearance of youth. I fully believe BARRETT'S to be the best Hair Preparation in the world. WM. HAMILTON,

Fredonia, N. Y., April 26, 1866.

J. R. BARRETT & CO.,
Proprietors,
Manchester, N. H.

M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS.
26 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON,

To whom all orders should be addressed.

B. F. BRADBURY,
Agent, Bangor.

may 28 3taw—6m*

Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!
Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!
Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

ITS SALE in the Bangor market has increased, in less than one year, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle, and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

REMEMBER, that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. L. Alden & Co., B. F. Bradbury, N. S. Hardy, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists everywhere.

J. L. GIOFRAY,
Proprietor.

For sale at WILLIAMS' TONSORIAL COLLEGE, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Rockland, Oct. 21, 1865. d&w

Ex. Lard, Olive,

SPERM, Whale, Lubricating and Neats Foot OILS, for sale by BLOOD & ROWE,

aug 4 121 Exchange Street.

The Place to Get

GOOD SIGNS!

Of every description, *CHEAP*, is at

MARSTON & SON'S,

127 EXCHANGE STREET.

3taw

1867. DIARIES, in all forms, received by

aug 25 E. F. DUREN.

PORTLAND and MACHIAS.

Inland Route——Two Trips Per Week.

The New, Substantial and swift-going Steamer

CITY OF RICHMOND.

879 Tons Measurement,

CHARLES DEERING, MASTER,

Will leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY evenings, at 11 o'clock, or on arrival of Express Train from Boston, for Rockland, Islesboro', Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mount Desert, Millbridge, Jonesport and Machias-Port.

RETURNING, will leave Machias-port every MONDAY & THURSDAY mornings at 5 o'clock.

Going East the Steamer will leave Rockland at 5.30 A. M., Islesboro' at 7.00; Castine at 8.00; Deer Isle at 9.00; Sedgwick, at 9.30; Mount Desert at 11.00; Millbridge at 2.00 P. M; Jonesport at 3.30.

Going West the Steamer will leave Jonesport at 6.30 A. M.; Millbridge at 8.00; Mount Desert at 11.00; Sedgwick at 1.00 P. M.; Deer Isle at 1.30; Castine at 3.00; Islesboro' at 3.30; Rockland at 6.00.

ROSS & STURDIVANT,
GENERAL AGENTS.

June 18, 73 Commercial St., Portland, Me.

International Steamship Co

EASTPORT, CALAIS & ST. JOHN.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,

WITH REDUCED FARE.

On and after MONDAY, June 4th, the Steamers of the International Line will leave Rail Road Wharf, foot of State St., every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock, P. M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning, will leave St. John and Eastport came days for Portland and Boston.

At Eastport the Steamer Queen will connect for St. Andrews, Robinston and Calais, with the New Brunswick and Canada Railway, for Woodstock and Houlton Stations: and Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

At St. John passengers take E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac, and from thence for Summerside and Charlottetown, P. E. Island, and Pictou, N. S: also at St. John the Steamer Empress for Windsor and Halifax, every Tuesday and Friday evening, and for Digby every Monday and Thursday mornings.

Freight received on day of sailing until 4 o'clock, P. M. C. C. EATON, Agent.

For information or through tickets, apply at 22 West Market Square, Bangor.

May 29, 1866.—dtf WM. FLOWERS,

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows, viz:

Leave Atlantic Wharf for Boston every evening (except Sunday), at 7 o'clock.

Leaves Boston the same days at 7 P. M.

Fare in Cabin, $0 50
Deck fare, 1 00

Package Tickets to be had of the Agents at reduced rates.

Freight taken as usual. L. BILLINGS,

May 30, 1866. edtf Agent.

Portland and New York

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

SEMI-WEEKLY LINE.

The splendid and fast Steamships DIRIGO, (Capt. H. SHERWOOD, and FRANCONIA, Capt. W. W. SHERWOOD, will, until further notice, run as follows:

Leave Brown's Wharf, Portland, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 P. M., and leave Pier 38 East River, New York, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.

These vessels are fitted up with fine accommodations for passengers, making this the most speedy, safe and comfortable route for travellers between New York and Maine. Passage, in State Room, $5. Cabin passage $5. Meals extra.

Goods forwarded by this line to and from Montreal, Quebec, Bangor, Bath, Augusta, Eastport and St. John.

Shippers are requested to send their freight to the Steamer as early as 3 P. M., on the day that they leave Portland.

For freight or passage, apply to

SMERY & FOX,
Brown's Wharf, Portland.
J. F. AMES,
Pier 38 East River.

Portland, May 29, 1866.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

Sarsaparilla Compound,

For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of *Liver Complaints, Scrofula or King's Evil, Eruptions, and all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St. Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Boils; Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains in the Bones, Side and Head: for the various Weaknesses to which Females are liable; Dyspepsia, Debility, Emaciation, Dropsy, and all diseases resulting from or in an impure state of the Blood.*

It is invaluable to Nervous Sufferers, and a positive cure for Palsy arising from the abuse of Mercury or Lead.

It is a Tonic as well as an Alterative, and is a sure protection from attacks that originate in change of climate, season or life.

LIVER COMPLAINTS and their combined symptoms, such as Lumbago, Jaundice, Rheumatism, Bilious Eruptions, &c. When caused by *Scrofula* taint, this compound is a most effectual remedy.

DYSPEPSIA or INDIGESTION, is often caused by Scrofula, which deranges the stomach, and renders it unhealthy. Indigestion is not always caused by Scrofula, when it is, this Sarsaparilla Compound is a ready cure.

NEURALGIA, HEADACHE and various disorders of the nervous system frequently arise from a low state of the constitutional health, and are much relieved and often cured by this powerful remedy.

ERYSIPELAS, Boils, Tumors, or Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Sores, &c. Moderate dose three times a day will usually effect the cure of the above complaints, but often requires considerable time.

Price one dollar per bottle. Six bottles for five dollars.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

ALL-CONQUERING

INDIAN VEGETABLE PULMONIC SYRUP,

A Sovereign Remedy for Coughs Colds, Bronchitis Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat & Lungs.

Unsurpassed by any Medical Discovery in the World. DR. E. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor.

Melrose, Mass.

Price 50 Cents and $1.00 per Bottle.

DR. KNIGHTS'

Oriental Hair Restorer.

After a long series of experiments, this article, as it is now offered to the public, is believed to be the most perfect of its kind which science has ever devised. No pains have been spared to produce what has so long been demanded by thousands, who, from sickness or other causes, have become prematurely grey; and others, who, in the prime and yellow leaf of life, would retain, as far as possible, the semblance of youth. DR. KNIGHTS' ORIENTAL HAIR RESTORER, after a few applications, *restores grey or faded hair to its original color*, and is the only preparation of the kind upon which the public can place any reliance. *It has never been known to fail in a single instance*, and is totally unlike the thousand and one so-called Hair Restorers, by which so many have been egregiously deceived.

It is delightfully perfumed, gives the hair a rich and glossy appearance, promotes its luxuriant growth, and will not soil the skin, scalp, or any article of apparel.

PRICE 75 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by

E. R. KNIGHTS, Chemist, Melrose, Mass.

Sold by B. F. Bradbury, General Agent, Bangor, and by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.

sept. 13—3taw d&wly

GREAT DISCOVERY!

ROGERS'

Excelsior Pain Curer!

THE BEST PREPARATION EVER MADE FOR THE FOLLOWING COMPLAINTS:

ALL NERVOUS & NEURALGIC PAINS, PLEURISY, PAINS, RHEUMATISM, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, EARACHE, STIFF NECK, DIPHTHERIA, SORE THROAT, and AGUE.

Also, invaluable in all cases of SPRAINS AND BRUISES!

TRY IT, AND YOU WILL BE SATISFIED!

Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail, by W. W. ROGERS, Hampden Corner, Maine. Sold in Bangor by W. L. ALDEN & CO.

may 22—3taw 3m

Norton & Noble

HAVE PURCHASED THE STAND OF CHAS. NOYES, Oldtown, and will carry on

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING

In all its branches at lowest rates. Also Blacksmithing and the manufacture of Blue Top Paddles of all kinds done to order. may 17 tf

Maine Central Railroad.

Spring & Summer Arrangement.

ON and after Monday June 4th, current, trains will leave Bangor for Portland and intermediate stations at 7.30 A.M., daily, Sundays excepted, connecting at Portland with train for Boston, and the freight